SOFF FLY TYING ARCHIVE INSTRUCTIONS

After opening the Fly Tying Archive, click on the ‘Bookmarks’ icon in the left hand margin. This will open the bookmarked table of contents for the fly recipes. The archive table of contents is sorted alphabetically by fly names. Scroll through the table of contents and click on the desired fly recipe title to open specific fly tying instructions. Fly tying recipes may also be printed or saved to your computer.
Fly Tying Corner

No Name Bugger

We have been fishing this version of a Wooly Bugger for the past three years at Willow Lake, Fish Lake and Howard Prairie Lake. Our Shady Cove group have caught over three hundred fish with this fly; several have been over five pounds. The methods we have used are:

- Wind drifting, placing your boat perpendicular to the wind; casting into the wind using a number two sinking line.
- Use a four to six inch strip.
- Anchor and casting; using the same retrieve.
- Trolling half to a full number two sinking line depending upon the depth of the fish. Trolling speed is one on your electric motor.

Leader is six foot tapered to 4x or 5x.

Joe Holgen

REMINDER

Northwest Fly Tiers Exposition

On Saturday, March 24th, fly tiers from throughout the Pacific Northwest will gather in Wheeler Pavilion, Lane County Fair grounds, Eugene, Oregon, for the 13th Annual Northwest Fly Tier’s Exposition. More than one hundred fifty tiers, representing the US and Canada, will exhibit their talents in this premier event of its type in the country. Tiers will demonstrate trout, bass, steelhead, saltwater, Pacific salmon and Atlantic salmon fly patterns. Admission to the event is $5.00 for adults and $3.00 for students. Children 12 and under, accompanied by an adult, are admitted free. Plan now to attend the Expo. Think about car pooling with other SOFF members.

Tony Brauner
Recipe for October Caddis
Tier: Thomas Duncan

Hook: TMC 2302 sizes 6-10
Body: Cinnamon SLF
Rib: Copper Wire
Hackle: Soft black hackle
Head: Peacock herl
Antennae: Mottled brown fibres

October Caddis
This is an easy fly to tie and should work as a good dropper at the Holy Water and the upper Rogue this year. It can be tied weighted or with a bead head. Tyer’s choice.

Directions
1. Dub some SLF or similar Synthetic Fibre material to the thread and secure wire at the rear of the hook.
2. Wind SLF dubbing forward 3/4 of the hook shank.
3. Wind copper wire palmered over the body.
4. Tie in hackle by the tip and wrap three to four times. Tie off hackle.
5. Tie in three strands of peacock herl and wind a head.
6. Tie in two mottled brown fibers as antennae. Turkey tail barbules work well.

Carey Williams

Contact: Dick Butler, Membership Chairman

Membership Form

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Personal interests:
Bill Bakke, a director of Oregon Trout, designed this fly. The wings are divided and pointed forward to help the fly imitate an emerging October Caddis as it struggles to free itself from the surface of the water. The fly should wobble back and forth, while being fished downstream on the surface. Using a “riffle hitch” will enhance the action of the fly. With October Caddis hatching it might be fun to try to take a steelhead using a surface fly.

*Carey Williams*

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**OCTOBER CADDIS**

**HOOK:** Salmon dry fly, size 6

**THREAD:** Black

**BODY:** Yellowish orange or fluorescent orange yarn or dubbing

**WING:** Red Squirrel tail, divided, extended over the eye

**HACKLE:** Sparse brown or furnace wound behind the wing

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**PROFILE OF BOARD CANDIDATES**

**Dick Adams:** Lawyer, two years on board.

**Steve Bonner:** Fly fishing guide and fly shop owner. Veteran of several years’ board service.

**Tony Brauner:** Retired teacher, coach and businessman. Several years’ service as president and board member.

**Dick Butler:** Retired hospital CEO. Long time fly fisher

**Jeff Fox:** Fishing guide, construction contractor and prior service on board of directors.

**Jim Tehan:** Retired construction project manager, drift boat operator, steelhead fisherman and enthusiastic volunteer for all club activities.

**Carey Williams:** Now retired from several careers: air craft mechanic, sales manager, truck dispatcher, school bus driver and self employed. Flyfisher since childhood.
FLY TYING CORNER

October Caddis Pupa

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<td>Thread:</td>
<td>Pale Orange or Light Tan</td>
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<tr>
<td>Body:</td>
<td>Not having the Same Material that many of the U-Tube Videos used looking at the Pictures, I blended some Lite UV Enhances, Red Fox and Light Burnt Orange Dubbing. (In other words, I used what I had)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ribbing:</td>
<td>Small Silve Wire.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hackle:</td>
<td>I used Brown Pheasant (some use Partridge,)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Head:</td>
<td>I used some more of the same Dubbing that I used for the body and left it a little ragged</td>
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Tying Instructions:

This is a fairly easy fly to tie. Pinch the barb, place the hook in the vise leaving enough room to wrap down the curve of the hook and lay a thread base to half way down the bend of the hook. Tie in your ribbing and start dubbing and form a tapered body 2/3 the way up the hook, leaving enough room for the hackle and the head. Make Spiral wraps of the ribbing up the hook to where you stopped the dubbing and tie off. Pick a hackle long enough to extend just beyond the end of the hook. Make 2-3 wraps and tie off and form flat area to place a small dubbed head. Make this a little buggy. Tie off and form a small head. Whip finish, and use head cement at your discretion.

A lot of times we have the opportunity to tie flies but you just don’t have all the items listed in the recipe. This is the time to look in your existing material and see if we can improvise. Have fun tying. This fly is a good fly especially in October, thus the name.

Tight lines.

Fly Tied By John Storfold

John Storfold  Fly Tying Chair  541-660-6584  steelyjon@charter.net

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- Lifetime (Individual)....................$350.00
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Renewal: _____ New: ______
Olive Crystal Buggers

Thread: Olive 6/0 or 8/0.
Hook: Size 8 - 10
Tail: Light Olive Marabou and Crystal Flash or (Dark Olive, Chartreuse).
Underbody: Kelly Green Estaz or any shade Green Crystal Chenille.
Hackle: Light Olive Hackle (options: Green Hackle).
Head: 1/8 - 3/16 Brass Bead.

Tying Instructions:

Pinch barb and slide bead up to the eye and dress hook with thread back to bend of the hook.
Tie in Marabou and about 6 strands of crystal flash.
Tie in Hackle and Estaz and move thread to just behind bead.
Wrap Estaz/Crystal Chenille forward and secure behind Bead.
Palmer hackle forward and secure.
Whip finish and apply a small amount of Head cement just behind bead.

This is not a difficult pattern but a fish catcher. This pattern (or similar variations) has worked extremely well on lakes as an attractor with a dropper and by its self. Some of the notable lakes that I have used it on: Last year at Hosmer and little Lava; last month at Lake Manzanita in Lassen Park, California) and numerous other lakes that I have fished. This has become my go to fly and one that I won't leave home without. Good Fishing

Tied by John Storfold

John Storford Fly Tying Chair Ph. 660-6584 E-mail: steelyjon@charter.net

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Email: _____________________________________________
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Please sign:
________________________
Date: ___________________
FLY TYING CORNER

Olive Dirty Bird

Hook: Dai-Riki 075, Size 8
Thread: Black 6/0
Bead: Black 5/32 Bead.
Tail: Natural Parteidge
Rib: Medium Copper Wire.
Body: Olive Rabbit Dubbing.
Wing: Olive Krystal Flash.
Collar: Natural Partridge.
Head: Black Rabbit Dubbing.

Tying Instructions:

Clip a clump of partridge about 1/8 inch wide, and tie in at the bend of the hook for the tail. Then tie in the copper wire and wrap the thread back to the tail. Twist the olive dubbing onto the thread and wind the dubbing to the back of the bead. Wrap copper wire over the dubbing to just behind the bead. Cut 4 strands of Krystal Flash about three quarters of an inch long and center the Krystal Flash behind the bead and tie in, then fold the forward facing strands back and wrap thread in front so that all the strands are facing back. Tie in partridge by the top just behind the bead, and make 2 to 3 wraps around the fly, creating a collar. Make a couple of wraps with the thread in front of the collar, and twist black dubbing onto the thread. Make 2 wraps with the black dubbing in front of the collar, whip finish and that’s it.

Fly Tied By: Josh White

According Josh White of the Rogue Fly Shop, this is an excellent fly to have tied up and in your box, particularly if you’re going on the March outing on the Applegate. We thank Josh for providing this fly of the month.

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair 541-660-6584 steelyjon@q.com

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Email: ____________________________________________
Personal interests:

Renewal: ______ New: ______
Fly Tying Corner

Olive Dirty Bird

Hook: Dai-Riki 075 Size 8.  
Bead: Black 5/32 Bead.  
Tail: Natural Partridge.  
Body: Olive Rabbit Dubbing.  
Wire: Medium Copper Wire.  
Wing: Olive Krystal Flash.  
Collar: Natural Partridge.  
Head: Black Rabbit Dubbing.  
Thread: Black 6/0

Tying Instructions:

Clip a clump of Partridge about 1/8” wide, and tie in at the bend of the hook for the tail. Then, tie in the Copper Wire, and wrap the thread back to the tail. Twist olive dubbing to thread, and wind dubbing to back of bead. Wrap Copper wire over dubbing to just behind bead. Cut four strands of Krystal Flash about ¾” long. Center the Krystal flash behind the bead and tie in, then fold the forward facing strands back and wrap thread in front so that all strands are facing back. Tie in partridge tip first just behind bead, and make 2-3 wraps around fly creating a collar. Make a couple wraps with thread in front of the collar, and twist black dubbing to the thread. Make 2 wraps with the black dubbing in front of collar, whip finish and that’s it.

Tied By Josh White

According to Josh White of the Rogue Fly Shop, this a excellent fly to have tied up and in your box, if you are going on the March outing on the Applegate.  
We thank Josh for providing this fly for the month and our next outing.

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair Ph. 660-6584 E-mail: steelvjon@charter.net

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Renewal: ___ New: ___
Once winter sets in and the temperatures head south, the fish become sluggish and are considerably harder to move with a fly. Available insect populations dwindle and fish are forced to feed on whatever they can find.

The Gulper is an excellent winter dry fly. This fly rides in the surface film due to its parachute style hackle, this gives the fly a crippled or trapped look. Feeding on these cripples requires little effort from the trout, this is very important in cold water, when conserving energy is critical. This fly, with its white poly wing, is easy to see even when fished in very small sizes (a trait I really appreciate).

Tying a Parachute

Tying a parachute is easy. Tie in the hackle feather along the shank of the hook. Clip the butt section. Finish the tail and body. Then wrap the hackle around the clump of poly-yarn. Finish off the wraps and tie off the hackle at the head of the fly.
Olive Partridge

Excellent representation of a caddis emerger, of which we have many good caddis hatches on the Rogue. I use it after the sun hits the water and the half pounders move from the shallow riffles into deeper, shaded water. At which time I usually change from swinging flies to nymphing or dead drift techniques. It has been a deadly pattern on the lower Rogue, particularly in the Illahee-Agness area. I've also used it in smaller sizes in several of the Rocky Mountain streams before and during caddis hatches with a great deal of success.

Al Brunnell

Hook: Dai Riki 135 or Tiemco 2457 Size 14 to 8
Thread: Olive size 6/0 or 8/0
Tail: Brown Partridge
Body: Rear 2/3 dubbed w/#6 Olive Hare's Ear Plus
      Front 1/3 Peacock herl
Rib: Copper Wire
Hackle: Two turns of Partidge Brown Back

Southern Oregon Fly Patterns: Something Old - Something New

Charles Fly

Sizes: 8-12 (wet)
Tip: Silver tinsel, narrow
Tail: Golden Pheasant tippet fibers, 6-8
Body: Silver tinsel, either small or medium
Wing: Placed as listed: Peacock sword, 5-6 fibers, White Polar Bear (or substitute) over top of Peacock, Red Polar Bear (or substitute) 3 fibers each side
Topping: Blue Polar Bear (or substitute), 6-10 fibers

The Charles Fly was perfected at Diamond Lake nearly 45 years ago. It can be fished today with a sinking line and long leader from a float tube or boat. Much like in today's world the lake was full of chubs back then and this fly was a perfect imitation. The lake was poisoned back in the '50's much like is being proposed today because of the same issue. Too many chubs! This fly is effective for rainbows in many of the lakes in Southern Oregon.

Email your favorite regional pattern recipe to the newsletter editor, a new one will be featured each month. Focus on the target species available during the year.
FLY TYING CORNER

Orange Tied Down Caddis

| Hook: | Standard Nymph, Size 6-16. |
| Thread: | Black 3/0 |
| Tail: | Natural Dark Deer Hair |
| Body: | Orange UV Dubbing (Original Calls for Orange Yarn. |
| Wing Case: | Natural Dark Deer Hair |
| Hackle: | Coachman Brown. |

Tying Instructions:

After laying thread foundation attach a small bunch of deer hair at the shank bend. The tips of the deer hair will be the tail and the remainder will form the wing case. The tail should be about 2/3 the length of the shank. Hold the remainder up and make 3-4 wraps, with the thread, in front of tail to help keep it out of the way.

Tie in your Hackle by the tip, shiny side up. Next form a dubbing loop and wrap thread forward leaving 2 eye widths spacing. Add dubbing in the loop and after twisting and making a dubbing rope, wrap body to the point where the thread is and tie off. Wrap Hackle forward, about 2-3 times up to and tie off. Separate and press Hackle from top down along the sides (or trim top Hackle off). Pull deer hair forward and tie off, forming the wing case. Be careful not to let the hair spin. Trim excess hair and finish head. Apply 1-2 coats head cement.

This fly was developed by Doug Stewart and who swears by this fly for small mouth bass.

On the second day at Albany my son Iziah and I were sitting down watching John Shewey tie. As Shewey began his second fly, the Max Canyon, he said “Not that this person would ever tell you, but the inventor of this fly is sitting right here.” He then pointed at an older gentleman sitting quietly next to Iziah. As it turned out that was none other than Doug Stewart himself... Myself and others seemed to politely recognize but shrug this information off. It wasn’t until Shewey was done

Continued on Pg. 7

John Storfold  Fly Tying Chair  541-660-6584  steelyjon@q.com

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Renewal: _____ New: ______

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Editor’s Notebook Cont. From Pg. 8

the producer F3T, so I include it now.

“2017 marks The F3T’s 11th annual adventure with more than 150 screenings across the U.S. This year’s lineup of films is our finest yet. From Siberia to Idaho, Mexico, Florida, Kamchatka, Alaska, Montana and more, the notable characters, unique storylines and unparalleled fishing in these films will lead you on an adventure around the globe!”

Make a point of getting a ticket and attending and then take part, if only vicariously, in the action that these films will provide.

And lastly, start preparing yourself for change as there is change in the club’s immediate future. As you all know, the board is exhaustively looking for a new venue to host our club meetings and let’s say that the pickings are meager to say the least. We have looked at several different locations and they all have drawbacks that would adversely affect the club’s meetings. So let’s hope that we can find something that will closely meet our needs and then minimize the disadvantages. Stay tuned!

#305 fits vans, suburbs, sport vehicles, and carry-alls.

Price: New in 2000 was $895
My price is $350

Contact Bruce Bochman 541-471-1985 or 541-761-1176

Orange Caddis Continued From Pg. 6

with the fly and excitedly ask Doug if he could take a picture of him inspecting the fly that it dawned on me that I might be missing an opportunity to meet and talk to a legend of the Pacific Northwest.

Ever the people person I struck up a conversation with Doug asking for his autograph on pg.26 in the spring issue of Fly fishing & Tying Journal. Page 26 is the beginning of an article highlighting the Max Canyon. This led to spending the remainder of the morning talking to and watching Doug tie. I learned a lot (and took a lot of notes) from Doug in those couple of hours to include the Orange Tied Down Caddis.

It was definitely a once in a lifetime experience and one I won’t soon forget.

Some of you may own one of his books, Tying and Fishing Outstanding Flies and The Practical Fly Fisher. Both are great and I would highly recommend to both the beginner and seasoned veterans alike.

Fly Tied By Michael Mazingo

Looking at this fly I am sure it will work anywhere you can get it wet and in front of a hungry fish.
Tying Instructions:

Pinch the barb and lay a thread base down stopping at eyes length before the point of the hook. Tie in your Chenille and move your thread forward and tie in your eyes about 3 eye lengths before the eye of the hook or about one width of the eyes behind the hook eyelet. Spiral the Chenille to the eyes an tie off. Using two similar Grizzly Hen Neck feathers remove 2/3 of the barbs but leaving the quill. When you are done it should look like two curved paddles facing each other. (see photo) and they should come back to approximately the end of the hook. Tie in the wings in front of the eyes. Tie in a clump of Purple hackle on top and one on bottom of the hook followed by the Red Hackle and then the Orange Marabou making each a little longer than the previous color. The last layer should extend beyond the end of the hook by about half an inch. Finish by building the head to a nice cone shape and head cement.

Options: If you would like this fly to ride with the hook up and more weed-less, than tie the barbell eyes on top of the hook and tie in the grizzly hackle before and under the eyes.

Fly Tied By: Michael Mazingo

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair 541-660-6584 steelyjon@q.com
Otis With An Attitude

Hook: Alec Jackson 2051 Size 3, or equiv.
Bead: Spirit River Brite Bead.
Lead Wire: 25 Turns of .035.
Legs/Tail: Spirit River Tarantu Legs, Yellow/Black.
Body: New Age Chenille, Two colors Twisted, Midnight blue/Black-Green.

Tiers Notes

The dressing has a bead head and 25 turns of .035 lead wire to give it a larger profile and get things down to the stones. The two colors of chenille are used for more flash and different additional color, but also to plump up the profile. The rubber legs complete the “attitude” package. Even though the dressing has a down and dirty function that adds color and bulk, it also takes its share of fish while performing its duty of getting the fly down.

Otis with an Attitude is my choice for an “anchor” dressing, meaning the top fly in a series of flies which will attract interest and most importantly get the rig down in quick water. One day when I couldn’t get the Otis Bug down very well I went home and hatched the Attitude.

Tied by: Don Joslyn

Thanks Don, rubber legs are always a tantalizing attractor to fish and have produced success for the fly fisher for many years. This style of fly was originally called a “girdle bug” because the rubber for the legs came from a ladies girdle. So ladies,

Continued on Pg. 7

Bob Roberts  Fly Tying Chair  Ph. 476-6088  E-mail: flyfisher@rvi.net

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Personal interests: ____________________

Renewal: ______ New: ______
Tying Instructions:

1) Wrap hook with thread.  2) Weight tail portion of the hook, no more that 8 wraps of 2/0 lead.  3) Tie in golden pheasant tippet feelers.  4) Tie in pheasant tail antennae and coat them with head cement.  5) Tie in shellback.  6) Tie in Chenille and make one wrap.  7) Tie in eyes and wrap chenille to just behind eyes.  8) Tie in claws. Make them small and short.  9) Wrap chenille behind claws.  10) Tie in brown saddle hackle.  11) Form thorax with chenille.  12) Wrap saddle hackle.  13) Pull shellback over eyes, claws and abdomen.  14) Tie in Copper wire.  15) Wrap chenille to form Body.  16) Pull remainder of shellback over body and rib with copper wire.  17) Do not cut shellback of the hook.  18) Form head and whip finish.  19) Cut of shellback, leaving about ¼ to ½ inch shellback extending beyond back of the hook.  20) Fan Shellback to form the tail.  21) Mark body and tail with a dark brown or black waterproof pen.

Tied By: Paul Wolfrick

John Storfold  Fly Tying Chair  Ph. 660-6584  E-mail: steelyjon@q.com
Peacock & Pearl

This is a simple, easy but effective pattern. It represents an emerging caddis, which is often an available food source to trout. It can be fished on a wet fly swing in the surface film as a dropper behind a dry elk hair caddis or as a dropper behind a weighted fly under an indicator. I like to fish this fly in the late afternoon behind a riffle but it has worked for me in many situations.

Steve Godshall

PEACOCK & PEARL

HOOK: #12 Tiemco 3761

THREAD: black

BODY: peacock herl ribbed with small gold oval braided tinsel (.02 lead underneath)

WING: V tail and V wing from pearl crystal flash

HACKLE: furnace dry fly hackle size of hook gape

HEAD: craft store 3 mm plastic pearl

Pinch barb and slide one pearl on up to the eye of hook. Place hook in vise and wrap 4-6 turns of lead, leaving 1/8" space between lead and back of pearl. Start thread, lash down lead, taper body and run thread back to the barb of the hook. Tie in gold oval rib on the bottom of the hook. Tie in one strand of crystal flash folded in half, pointing out the back forming a V tail on top of hook. Tie in two strands of peacock folded in half creating four strands. Wind thread forward. Wind peacock forward to pearl and tie off. Wrap rib forward. Create V wing behind pearl on top same as tail. Trim tail and wing to one body length. One to two turns of furnace hackle tied in wet style (shiny side forward) behind pearl and tie off. Coat entire pearl with clear high gloss head cement, representing air bubble on caddis.

Dick Butler/ Steve Godshall
Pink Shrimp

Bud Abrams, a member living in Brookings, will help introduce us to the Chetco river during the February outing. He told me at the last meeting that the Chetco steelhead have been hitting both krill flies and shrimp patterns.

The shrimp pattern presented by Al Brunnell in the August 2000 newsletter should be a good Chetco choice as well as this month’s extremely easy to tie pattern.

Carey Williams

Northwest Fly Tiers Exposition

On Saturday, March 24th, fly tiers from throughout the Pacific Northwest will gather in Wheeler Pavilion, Lane County Fair grounds, Eugene, Oregon, for the 13th Annual Northwest Fly Tier’s Exposition. More than one hundred fifty tiers representing the United States and Canada, will exhibit their talents in this premier event of its type in the country. Tiers will demonstrate trout, bass, steelhead, saltwater, Pacific salmon and Atlantic salmon fly patterns. Admission to the event is $5.00 for adults and $3.00 for students. Children 12 and under, accompanied by an adult, are admitted free. Plan now to attend the Expo.

Tony Brauner
This month's outing will take us to the Williamson River for the famous "Hex" hatch. The *Hexagenia limbata* is the largest of the May flies and grows to 1.75 inches in length. Its size will excite even the most wary trout. Unfortunately its habit of only hatching during the last 20 to 30 minutes before dark makes fishing the adult rather difficult. Take heart though because fishing the nymph be very productive especially in the last couple of hours before sundown.

The nymph is a mud/silt burrower that prefers slow moving rivers with heavy grass or reed shorelines. When it nears time for them to hatch, they exit their burrows & begin making their way to the shoreline by swimming and crawling. Polly Rosborough developed his "Big Yellow May" to fool the big Williamson River trout. Cast your fly across stream & mend your line to let the nymph sink. Then, let the current slowly swim it to shore. Keep mending as needed to slow the swing. Do take some large adult Mayfly patterns with you. If you are lucky you could encounter some fast and furious dry fly fishing if only for a few minutes. If the hair on the back of your neck begins to stand up from the sound of bowling balls being dropped in the river around you, fear not for it's only the big Rainbows after the "HEX".

**TO CLEAR THE RECORD**

Last month's newsletter labeled the Shad fly pattern as John Edwards shad fly. While that pattern is my favorite for shad, I did not develop it. That particular pattern was shown to me at one of the Rogue Flyfishers fly tying meetings several years ago. I do not know if it has a name or who the originator was. If I'm ever clever enough to come up with a fly that someone else hasn't already tied, rest assured that I'll let you know.

*John Edwards*

Well, it was John's art work on that shad fly as is the art work this time also. Good job John. Sorry for the error.

---

**Polly's Big Yellow May**

**HOOK:**

TMC 5263
Size 6-to-8

**THREAD:**

Yellow

**TAIL:**

Lemon Woodduck Flank Fibers

**RIB:**

Heavy Yellow Thread

**SHELLBACK:**

Lemon Woodduck Flank Fibers

**LEGS & WINGCASE:**

Lemon Woodduck Flank Fibers

**HEAD:**

Yellow Tying Thread

---

**Auction's Coming**

Auction 1998 is just around the corner, and the Auction Committee, under the expert guidance of Don Carr, is well on its way with preparations for another highly successful event. Members, plan now to attend and help your club in the coming year.

**Auction Night:**

15 October, 1998
Summer is Damsel Fly time. The Cascade Lakes near Lapine and the entire Klamath Basin are prime Damsel country and you really need to take a long look at this critter before you head that way.

Damsel Fly Nymphs (and adults) are carnivorous predators. The adult insect is such a serious flying predator that fish rarely have a chance to catch them for food. One author describes an adult Damsel that grabbed his Elk Hair Caddis as it dropped to the water at the end of a cast. Only on the back cast was he able to wrestle the fly away from the Damsel. Nymphs swim like a porpoise with their paddle-like tails. They can even catch and attack small frog tadpoles. Because they are good swimmers, this fly should be fished with quick, intermittent jerks. I use an alternating pattern of 1, 2 then 3 strips of the fly with small pauses in between. Fish are familiar with catching this elusive swimmer and really nail it. The nymphs move to the bank to emerge and during the hatch there is a lot of activity that we do not see from the surface. In open water an intermediate line is great, but near weed beds I use a sink tip line to get the fly down quickly before you start your retrieve. Don’t underestimate this bug. It is serious trout food! GF

### Polly's Green Damsel

This is Polly Rosborough's original dressing.

**HOOK:**
Nymph 3x long size 6 or 8

**THREAD:**
Light Olive

**TAIL:**
Light golden-olive marabou

**ABDOMEN:**
Olive Olive-green yarn

**THORAX:**
Olive green yarn short and built up

**RIB:**
Light olive thread

**LEGS:**
Teal flank dyed olive

**WINGCASE:**
Light golden-olive marabou

---

### The BFD

**HOOK**
Mustad 9674 size 8

**THREAD**
Brown or olive

**TAIL**
Light Olive Marabou tied short

**ABDOMEN**
Medium olive wool yarn

**RIB**
Fine gold wire

**THORAX**
Darker Olive wool yarn dubbed short

**HACKLE**
One turn of brown Pheasant Rump

The BFD (Basic Fuller Damsel) is a very easy fly. This fly produces some very big fish each summer and it did not fail me last week. I use a sink tip line with a short leader and fish this fly right against the weed beds. GF
FLY TYING CORNER

Popsicle

Hook: Mustad Steelhead Hook Size 4-8.
Thread: Color to Match Fly.
Tail: Fl. Fuchsia Spey Blood Quill Marabou.
Body: Fl. Fuchsia Chenille.
Flash: Silver Flashabou and Red Flashbou.
Hackle: Hot Red Spey Blood Quill Marabou

Tying Instructions:

Back half of Body: 3 to 4 turns of Fl. Fuchsia chenille.
Middle Hackle: 3 or 4 turns Spey blood Quill marabou Fl. Fuchsia, Add 4 strands of silver Flashabou.
Front half of body: 3 to 4 turns of Fl. Fuchsia chenille.
Front hackle: 3 to 4 turns of Hot Red Spey blood Quill marabou, add 4 strands of red flashabou.
Now whip finish head.
This fly can be done in many different color combo’s and you can add weight if you like.

Fly Tied By: John Graves

John Graves                      Fly Tying Chair            541-778-6000            jegfly@hotmail.com

Membership Form

☐ Regular........................................$35.00
☐ Family........................................$45.00
☐ Youth........................................$10.00
☐ Contributing.................................$50.00
☐ Lifetime (Individual)....................$350.00
☐ Lifetime (Couple)..........................$450.00

Name(s): __________________________________________________________________________
Address: ____________________________________________________________________________
City: __________________ State: _______ Zip: ______
Phone: Home ( ) __________ Work: ( ) __________
Email: ______________________________________________________________________________
Personal interests: _________________________________________________________________

Renewal: _____ New: _______
Tying Instructions:

De-barb the hook and mount in the vice. Dress the hook with tying thread back to just between the barb and the point of the hook.

Make a small ball of thread above the termination point. This will help separate the biots. Tie in your biots, one on each side of the hook.

Tie in your ribbing and secure it back to where the biots are tied in and set it back in you material holder while you work on the body.

Now tie in you underbody material and wrap forward and back a couple of times to form a cigar shaped body.

Move the thread to the rear of the hook and tie in 5-7 strands of peacock herl. Brush the fibers back to get a more fluff. Now make a herl rope with the thread and with touching wraps, wrap the rope to the front of the hook leaving room for the hackle, biot wings, and head. Tie off and cut off any extra herl.

Take your ribbing and counter wrap, with spiral wraps, about 5 turns, up to the tie off point and secure. Use enough wraps of thread to make a good base for the hackle. I strip hackle off one side of the stem to make the hackle a little sparse. Tie in your hackle and make one and a half to two wraps and tie off.

Wrap tying thread back to cause the hackle to sweep back toward the rear of the hook. Tie in the wing biots, one on either side of the hook, and make a nice tapered head. You can now apply head cement or UV activated cement. I used the...
OUTINGS AND WORKSHOPS

November Outing: Coastal Fall Chinook

Chinook are the largest and most popular salmon in Oregon, and many fly fishers consider them to be the state’s ultimate trophy gamefish. While several of our members do fish for and have caught Chinook salmon on a fly, most probably have not. For those that would like to give it a try, the Southern Oregon Fly Fishers and the Rogue Flyfishers will join together for an outing to the coast.

The outing is planned for November 17 and 18 at Cape Blanco State Park. This area offers several fishing options: The State Park includes the lower three miles of the Sixes River, giving bank anglers access to several good spots. Three launch sites give those with driftboats or pontoon boats access to additional sections of the river. Anglers can also walk or drive down the beach to the mouth of the Elk River.

Because of the potential for stormy weather to put the rivers out of shape, there is a significant possibility that the date or location of the outing may need to be changed. Because of this, people interested in attending the outing should sign-up with me (David Haight) at the email address or phone number below.

A ten-weight outfit works well for Chinook. Many people prefer a shooting-head system with heads ranging from intermediate to fast sinking, which allows them cover a variety of water depths and conditions; however, full sinking lines will work. Fifteen to 20-pound leader material is appropriate. Clouser minnows and comets ranging in size from about one to two inches long are generally effective patterns. For the Clousers, black over chartreuse, green over chartreuse, chartreuse over white, brown over orange, and orange over white are popular color combinations. For the comets, green, chartreuse, and orange work well. Bring your usual fishing accessories, and don’t forget your raingear.

Cape Blanco State Park offers campsites as well as a few cabins. The cabins can be reserved at reserveamerica.com. For those that don’t want to camp. Bandon is about 30 minutes to the north and Port Orford is about 15 minutes to the south. Both have a variety of motels and restaurants.

The Sixes and Elk Rivers provide fly anglers with one of the better opportunities to catch a Chinook salmon on a fly, and the last half of November is considered to be the prime time. If the weather and the river flows cooperate, this should be a great trip.

David Haight, Outings Chair;
541-855-9043; tmdrhaight@infostructure.net

Prince Continued From Pg. 6

Jay Nichols, a coastal guide, displays a prime example of what this outing is after.

Prince nymph was one of his favorites and one he got orders from many of his customer and proved to be very successful for steelhead on the rogue. As a matter of fact the Peacock that I have in my fly tying room is from this shop. This is one of those flies you don’t leave home without, regardless if you are fishing streams or lakes. I remember him getting orders for these from customer who had great success on the rogue with these in a size 8 for steelhead. As a matter of fact I caught my FIRST adult rogue steelhead on a prince nymph. I thank Rusty for those memories.

Fly Tied By: John Storfold

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2018 Outings</th>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nov 17-18</td>
<td>Coastal Chinook with Dave Haight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jan 1</td>
<td>Holy Water Chili</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jan 19</td>
<td>TBA</td>
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<td>Feb 16</td>
<td>TBA</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mar 16</td>
<td>TBA</td>
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<tr>
<td>Apr 20</td>
<td>TBA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 18</td>
<td>TBA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jun 15</td>
<td>TBA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
FLY TYING CORNER

PRINCE NYMPH

HOOK: Size 6-12 1-2xl wet fly
TAIL: Brown goose biots
BODY: Peacock herl
RIB: Gold oval tinsel or wire
HACKLE: Brown, Hen or other soft hackle
WING: White goose biots

The Prince Nymph is an excellent steelhead and trout pattern. The pattern presents a basic stonefly nymph silhouette. A gold bead can be added to the pattern and will add both flash and weight to the standard prince.

Jeff Fox

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Membership Renewal

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<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tr>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please make checks payable to SOFF and mail to: PO Box 1144, Grants Pass, Oregon 97526

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The next Board Meeting will be held at 7:00PM, April 25th at the Community Bank conference room. All members are welcome to attend. Enter at the southwest corner of the bank.
FLY TYING CORNER

Prince Nymph with Minor Variations

Thread: Black 6/0.
Tail: White Natural Goose Biots
Body: Peacock Herl Rope.
Ribbing: Medium Tinsel.
Wing: White Natural Goose Biot.
Collar: Grizzly Hackle.
Bead Head: Green with Red Glass Bead.
Weight: (Optional) 12 wraps of .020 lead or non-lead substitute.

Tying Instructions:

Debarb the hook and slide the bead on the hook and mount in the vise. Dress the hook with thread and make a bump with the thread just above where the barb was. This will be used to help keep the tail separated. Tie in the biots for the tail. Tie in the ribbing and place in the material holder out of the way. Tie in about 5 strands of peacock herl just in front of the tail. Now wrap the thread around the herl making a herl rope. Wrap forward to just behind the bead and tie off and cut extra material. Wrap the ribbing forward spiraling evenly making a bout 5 wraps and tie off just behind the bead. Now tie in goose biot wings and secure. I made a small collar with grizzly hackle and tie off. Whip finish and apply head cement (your choice). I put the collar in along with the glass bead just as added attractants. I will let you know if it worked on the half pounders at Agness.

I caught my first adult steelhead on the Rogue with a Prince Nymph. And it is one of my go to flies both on the river and in still water.

Tight Lines

Fly Tied By: John Storfold

John Storfold  Fly Tying Chair  541-660-6584  steelyjohn@q.com

Membership Form

- Regular..............................................$35.00
- Family...............................................$45.00
- Youth................................................$10.00
- Contributing......................................$50.00
- Lifetime (Individual)..........................$350.00
- Lifetime (Couple)...............................$450.00

Name(s): ____________________________________
Address: ____________________________________
City: _______________  State: _______  Zip: ______
Phone: Home (     ) __________  Work: (     ) __________
Email: _______________________________________
Personal interests: _______________________________
Renewal:______New:_______

Please make checks payable to:
SOFF and mail to: PO Box 1144,
Grants Pass, Oregon 97528
November ‘Fly of the Month’

Psycho Caddis

Hook: Dry #14 - 20
Thread: 14/0 Black
Body: Moose hair dubbing
Wing: Shimazaki Fly Wing/Pale Gray, colored to match
Hackle: Badger. Dark core of feather will simulate a thorax. V cut on bottom.
Antennae: Two waterfowl fibers twice hook length.
Rib: Fine gold wire counter wrapped.
Head: Black tying thread.

Tying Note:
Shimazaki wing material is strong, easy to cut to life like contour and colored to match the natural. Don Joslyn

Beginning Fly Tying Class

Begins: January 5, 2005
Wednesdays, 7-9 pm
Grants Pass High School
24 openings only
Cost $25 per person
To register: Contact instructor: John Edwards, 479-8026
More information to follow.

Complete and return to: Nancy Fruitman, Membership Chair with cash or check.

Membership Form

- Regular ........................................ $25.00
- Family ......................................... $35.00
- Youth .......................................... $5.00
- Contributing ................................... $50.00
- Lifetime (Individual) ....................... $250.00
- Lifetime (Couple) ......................... $350.00

Name(s): ____________________________
Address: ____________________________
City: __________________ State: ______ Zip: ______
Phone: Home ( ) Work: ( )
Email: _______________________________
Personal interests: ___________________
Renewal: ______ New: ______

Please make checks payable to: SOFF and mail to: PO Box 1144, Grants Pass, Oregon 97526
FLY TYING CORNER

Purple Flash

Thread: Black.
Tag: Flat Gold Tinsel.
Tail: Red Hackle Fibers.
Body: Purple Braided Mylar, or Diamond Braid, or Poly Flash
Collar: Deep Purple Saddle or Hen Hackle.
Wing: Red Fox Squirrel Tail.
Cheeks: Jungle Cock (Optional).

Tying Instructions:

1. Tie in thread and wrap back to point of the hook and tie tag and wrap about 3/16 of an inch.
2. Tie in tail hackle fibers (approximately ¾” extending past the end of the hook by about 5/16”.
3. Tie in brad and palmer threw body, leaving room for the collar and head.
4. Tie in hackle and do about 3 wraps.
5. Tie in wing (red fox should be even with the end of the hook) and then jungle cock cheeks (not shown in this picture) and finish off the head.

Fly Tied By: John Graves

We want to thank John for sharing another excellent fly with his fellow club members.

John Storfold
Fly Tying Chair
541-660-6584
steelyjon@q.com

Membership Form

- Regular........................................$35.00
- Family.........................................$45.00
- Youth...........................................$10.00
- Contributing.................................$50.00
- Lifetime (Individual)....................$350.00
- Lifetime (Couple).........................$450.00

Name(s): __________________________________________
Address: _________________________________________
City: ___________ State: _______ Zip: ______
Phone: Home ( ) __________ Work: ( ) _____________
Email: ___________________________________________
Personal interests:

Renewal: _____ New: _______
**FLY TYING CORNER**

**Purple Peril**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Hook:</th>
<th>Size 4 Steelhead, I use a TMC 7999.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thread:</td>
<td>Black 6/0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tag:</td>
<td>Silver or Gold Flat Tinsel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tail:</td>
<td>Purple Hackle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Body:</td>
<td>Purple Dubbing (Exercising Some Liberty, I Blended Purple Seal Sub Dubbing by Jay Fair, w/UV Enhancer and Purple Ice Dubbing).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ribbing:</td>
<td>Round Tinsel (To Match the Tag.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wing:</td>
<td>Dark Hair.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Collar:</td>
<td>Purple Hackle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Head:</td>
<td>Red Thread.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Tying Instructions:**

Pinch the barb (I always do, unless I forget) and place in the vice. Lay down a thread base and in the process close the gap in the eye of the hook and make a smooth transition. With the thread near the bend of the hook, tie in the tinsel and make a tag about four turns, just a little beyond where the tag will end as it will be covered up with the body material. Tie in the round tinsel, and then dub your thread, either with a dubbing loop or not, your choice. Wrap your dubbing up to the front of the hook, leaving enough room to tie in the wing and collar and room for a tapered head. Wrap the ribbing forward making 5-6 equally spaces and secure. Whip finish and cut off the black thread. Tie in your red thread. Now cut a bunch of hair and stack to form a wing. Tie in backwards (the tips facing forward over the eye of the hook). Lash down securely and tie in Hackle by the butt with the dull side up. As you wrap it the gloss side will wind up forward. Make about three to three-and-one-half wraps, folding both sides of the hackle back as you wrap and tie off. Now fold the wing back over the hackle and tie down. Build a nice tapered head and apply head cement.

Tight-lines  
**John Storfold**

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**Membership Form**

Please make checks payable to: SOFF and mail to: PO Box 1144, Grants Pass, Oregon 97528

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<td>Lifetime (Individual)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lifetime (Couple)</td>
<td>$450.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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Name(s):  
Address:  
City:      State:      Zip:      
Phone: Home (     )        Work: (     )        
Email:  
Personal interests:  
Renewal:       New:       

---
FLY TYING CORNER

Pyramid Lake Tadpole (Purple)

Hook: #10 Tiemco 2499 SP-BL Straight Eye Curved Hook (ITied this Fly on a #12 TMC 2457.
Thread: Black 140 Denier UTC Ultra Thread (I used black 6/0).
Tail: Black Marabou.
Body: Purple Estaz Chenille.

Note: I did not have all the materials listed in this “Shoreline Success “article in this April May 2012 issue of Fly Fisherman magazine by Landon Mayer. So I did what most of us do, SUBSTITUTE. The items in parenthesis in the recipe are the actual material I used.

TYING INSTRUCTIONS:
First, de-barb (my personal choice) and dress the hook with thread back to just above the barb. Tie in your black marabou for the tail. The ending tail should be equal to the length of the hook. I tie it in from about the middle of the hook and wrap back to the tie in point just above the barb. Now I tie in the foam. I cut a “V” in the foam to help tie in without too much bulk. Again I place the tip of the V at the mid hook point and tie back to just in front of the tail. Then we tie in the estaz and wrap forward leaving adequate head space and tie off. Bring the foam over the back and secure just behind the eye leaving approximately a ¼ inch of material from the tie in point behind the eye. Make a one or two loose wraps then snug the foam down. Now make a couple wraps between the foam and the eye of the hook. I finish with a couple double half hitches with a half hitch tool to get under the foam. You can finish with head cement.

This fly, like last months boobie fly, is fished with sinking line as a suspended fly off the bottom. If you wondering why I chose a Pyramid lake fly, I am going there in October. However I am sure this fly tied in this or other colors will work on many lakes in our area. I plan to test that theory.

Fly Tied By: John Storfold

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair Ph. 660-6584 E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

Please make checks payable to: SOFF and mail to: PO Box 1144, Grants Pass, Oregon 97528

Membership Form

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☐ Family...............................$45.00
☐ Youth..............................$10.00
☐ Contributing.......................$50.00
☐ Lifetime (Individual)............$350.00
☐ Lifetime (Couple).................$450.00

Name(s): __________________________________________________________
Address: __________________________________________________________
City: ______________ State: _______ Zip: ______
Phone: Home ( ) __________ Work: ( ) ______________
Email: ____________________________________________________________
Personal interests:

Renewal:______New:_______
June - Fly of the Month

The RPB by Joe Holzen
A wet or lake fly.

Hook: 9671 Sizes: 10,8,6
Thread: 6/0 Color of fly
Weight: 10 wraps of .020 wire
Tail: Maribou, 1 1/4 long per hook & Crystal Flash
Body: Peacock herl
Wing: Marabou 3/4 inch long & Crystal Flash (Same as above)
Rib: Crystal Flash, same as above.
Head: Neat thread head

Directions
1. Apply 10 wraps of lead wire. Secure with thread. Taper the front and back of the lead. Make sure lead is 1/8” behind eye of hook.
2. Tie in Crystal Flash. Be sure to tie in tail next to rear taper behind lead wire.
3. Tie Crystal Flash for rib. Tie 5 strands of peacock herl at front of lead wire and wrap back to last wrap of thread.
4. Make peacock herl rope (By twisting peacock around thread), wrap to front of lead wire.
5. Counter wrap rib.
6. Tie in short marabou wing and Crystal Flash.
7. Make neat thread head and tie off.

Joe Holzen, Member

Complete and return to: Nancy Fruitman, Membership Chair with cash or check.

Membership Form

- Regular.................................$25.00
- Family.................................$35.00
- Youth....................................$5.00
- Contributing.............................$50.00
- Lifetime (Individual)....................$250.00
- Lifetime (Couple).......................$350.00

Name(s):__________________________
Address:__________________________
City:________________ State:________ Zip:_____________
Phone: Home (____________ Work: (________
Email:____________________________
Personal interests:

Renewal: __________ New: __________
**FLY TYING CORNER**

**Red Ant**

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<th>Daiichi 2441 oe Equv., Salmon/Steelhead, Size 2-8</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thread:</td>
<td>Black 6/0.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tag:</td>
<td>Medium-Size Silver Flat Tinsel.</td>
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<td>Tail:</td>
<td>Golden Pheasant Tippets.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Butt:</td>
<td>Peacock Herl.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Body:</td>
<td>Red Floss.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Collar:</td>
<td>Brown Hackle.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wing:</td>
<td>Brown Bucktail.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Head:</td>
<td>Black Thread</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Tying Instructions:**

1) Start the thread one eye-width back from the eye. Lay down a smooth thread base, stopping just above the hook point.

2) Tie in the tinsel, wrap it back 1/8 inch, then forward to the tinsel tie-in point. Tie-off and trim.

3) Select about 20 barbs from a Golden Pheasant tippet, cut them off the stem, measure so they reach the end of the hook bend, and tie them in at the base of the tag. Trim off the butts.

4) Tie-in 3-4 Peacock herls and wind them over the top of the hook shank, then wind the Peacock herls around the tying thread four times in counterclockwise direction. Wind the Peacock herls forward 1/3 the shank length. Tie-off and trim.

5) Tie-in the red floss just behind the eye, then wind it rearward to the base of the herl, then wind it forward in touching wraps to the tie-in point. Tie-off and trim.

6) Select a brown hackle feather with barbs long enough to reach the herl butt. Tie-in the feather by its tip and wind it three turns to form the collar. Tie back on the barbs to angle them at 45 degrees. Trim excess material.

7) Select a small bunch of brown bucktail and even their tips by stacking. Measure them to reach the end of the tail; trim to length and tie in the bucktail on top of the hook shank at a 45-degree angle.

8) Form a neat head, whip-finish and apply cement.

The Red Ant was created by Mike Kennedy and introduced in the 1940s. As a trout fly its origin dates back to the 1940s. As a trout fly its origin dates back to the **Continued on Page 7**

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**Membership Form**

- Regular...........................................$35.00
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Phone: Home ( ) Work: ( )
Email:____________________________
Personal interests:_________________
Renewal:____New:____
Editor’s Notes Cont. from Pg. 8

ner that he prepared.

Once dinner was finished, Wayne Liska took the stage and as usual coerced every nickel he could from the bidders. There were several items that had reserves on them and every one of them met or exceeded the reserve with the sole exception being the pram; fortunately, the club was able to return the pram to the manufacturer without cost.

When the smoke cleared and gross preliminary figures were obtained it appears that the club realized almost $2000 in the silent auction and almost $17,000 in the oral auction. Every member who either gave or bid on the items is to be congratulated on their generosity. It is because of you guys and gals that the club prospers and is able to carry on with all the things it does as well as all the donations it makes in the name of conservation and the betterment of the fisheries.

Red Ant Continued From Pg. 6

Isaac Walton era and a similar pattern by the same name. This steelhead version has proven to be indispensable on the Rogue as well as many other rivers late in the summer season. It is purpose-tied sleek, low-water style. The Red Ant could be described as somewhat drab and discreet, making this type of pattern effective in all types of water at any time of the year. Tied in smaller sizes, the Red Ant is a winner for half-pounders on the lower Rogue.

TYING TIPS

When you cut the tippet barbs away from the stem you allow each barb to separate when tied on as the tail. Because Peacock herl is very fragile, when you twist it around the thread before winding it you increase its durability dramatically. Keep the Red Ant fly sleek (low-water style) by limiting the amount of hackle and wing materials that are tied in. The Red Ant looks great and is fairly easy to tie. So give it a try, tie some up for the coming season, give them a test flight and let me know how you do.

Fly Tied By Dan Kellogg

Tie One On,
Dan Kellogg (you can contact me at FLYGUY@EZNORTHWEST.COM)

Special Raffle Continued From Pg. 5
requires a yearly renewal.
Article II, Section 3 of the club’s by-laws reads: All dues shall be due and payable prior to January 1 of each year.
FLY TYING CORNER

Red Ant

This fly dates back to Izaak Walton and has been modified many times. In 1940 Mike Kennedy introduced a dressing which is very similar to this one. The major differences are he used peacock herl for the butt and red floss for the body. I prefer this version which was taught to me by Rusty Randall. It is very durable and tied sparse in smaller sizes makes a great half-pounder or trout fly.

Try fishing this fly down and across, or short strip retrieve from downstream. It may also be suspended in the current behind a drift boat and given the Rogue twitch.

Carey Williams

Terrestrials

Many Anglers overlook terrestrials, but terrestrials provide an abundant food source for trout in both rivers and lakes. Grasshoppers are one recognized and widely used pattern in our area. The Klamath Basin has a number of spring creeks (most notably the Wood River) running through grassland, where grasshoppers are particularly effective. The area offers excellent hopper fishing in late July and August.

Lesser-known terrestrials are available to trout at various times of the year. Swarming insects and mass hatches such as Cicadas, Flying Ants, Moths, and Bees can offer excellent fishing. Don’t limit yourself to Insects only when thinking of terrestrials. Mice, Lizards, and small birds can all be part of a trout’s diet. Those oversized fish we dream of often eat large prey and won’t pass up an easy meal just because it isn’t a small fish or insect.

Fishing terrestrials is generally a dry fly game and doesn’t require a hatch, so find something prevalent stream side and fish good holding water along the bank. This can be dry fly fishing at its very best.

Jeff Fox
FLY TYING CORNER

Red Butt Carey Special

Hook: 1X Heavy Size, 1 to 4x Long.
Thread: Your Choice.
Tail: Pheasant Rump.
Body: Red Mylar.
Ribbing: Red Wire.
Thorax: Peacock Herl.
Collar: Pheasant Rump Hackle.

Tying Instructions:

Wrap a thread base to back of hook and tie in pheasant rump tail just above the barb. The tail should be about equal to the gap of the hook.

 Tie in Mylar to make red butt in front of tail. Return thread TO front of hook (leave some head space as not to crowd the eye).

 Tie in 6 to 8 peacock herls and lash down on top of hook back to the front of the red butt.

 Tie in red wire for rib then make a rope of herl and wrap to front of the hook.

 Leave room for hackles and head.

 Tie in rump feather by the tip and make 2 wraps for collar and tie off and build a neat head. That’s it!

Fly Tied By: Kevin Daniels

John Storfold  Fly Tying Chair  541-660-6584  steelyjon@q.com

Membership Form

☐ Regular..............................................$35.00
☐ Family.............................................$45.00
☐ Youth.............................................$10.00
☐ Contributing.................................$50.00
☐ Lifetime (Individual)..................$350.00
☐ Lifetime (Couple)........................$450.00

Name(s): ________________________________
Address: _____________________________________________
City: ______________________ State: __________ Zip: ______
Phone: Home (   ) _______ Work: (   ) ________________
Email: ____________________________________________
Personal interests: ________________________________

Renewal:_____ New:______
FLY TYING CORNER

Red Neck Ant

Hook: Daiichi 2441 or equivalent, Salmon/Steelhead, Size 2-8
Thread: 6/0 Black.
Tag: Medium-Size Silver Flat Tinsel.
Tail: Golden Pheasant Tippets.
Butt: Peacock Herl.
Body: Red Floss.
Collar: Brown Hackle
Wing: Brown Bucktail.
Head: Black Thread.

Tying Instructions:

1) Start the thread one eye-width back from the eye. Lay down a smooth thread base, stopping just above the hook point.
2) Tie in the tinsel, wrap it back 1/8 inch, then forward to the tinsel tie-in point. Tie-off and trim.
3) Select about 20 barbs from a Golden Pheasant tippet, cut them off the stem, measure so they reach the end of the hook bend, and tie them in at the base of the tag. Trim off the butts.
4) Tie-in 3-4 Peacock herls and wind them over the top of the hook shank, then wind the Peacock herls around the tying thread four times in counterclockwise direction. Wind the Peacock herls forward 1/3 the shank length. Tie-off and trim.
5) Tie-in the red floss just behind the eye, then wind it rearward to the base of the herl, then wind it forward in touching wraps to the tie-in point. Tie-off and trim.
6) Select a brown hackle feather with barbs long enough to reach the herl butt. Tie-in the feather by its tip and wind it three turns to form the collar. Tie back on the barbs to angle them at 45 degrees. Trim excess material.
7) Select a small bunch of brown bucktail and even their tips by stacking. Measure them to reach the end of the tail; trim to length and tie in the bucktail on top of the hook shank at a 45-degree angle.
8) Form a neat head, whip-finish and apply cement.

The Red Ant was created by Mike Kennedy and introduced in the 1940s. As a trout fly its origin dates back to the Isaac

Continued on Page 5

John Storfold       Fly Tying Chair      541-660-6584      steelyjon@q.com

-------------------------------------------
Membership Form

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☐ Youth.........................................$10.00
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Name(s): ____________________________________________________________
Address: ____________________________________________________________
City: _______________ State: _______ Zip: __________
Phone: Home ( ) __________ Work: ( ) ____________________________
Email: _____________________________________________________________
Personal interests: __________________________________________________

Renewal: _____ New: ______
OUTINGS AND WORKSHOPS

Fly Fishing & Fly Tying Swap Meet

There will be a Super Duper Fantastic Fly Fishing & Tying Materials Swap and Sell Meet on Saturday, January 23, 2016, from 9 am until 4 PM at the First Baptist Church of Medford, Oregon.

This will be like a garage sale, where items are sold, but you can also trade and barter. Rods, reels, lines, leaders, float tubes, pontoon boats, oars, anchors, waders, clothing, feathers, fur, hair, vises, tools, flies, fly boxes, books, knives, anything related to fly fishing or fly tying.

Setup will begin at 7 am, and take down must be completed by 5 pm, but you may take down sooner if you desire.

Admission and selling is no charge.

Please, no explosives, firearms, or ammunition.

This will be sponsored by Rogue Fly Fishers, Southern Oregon Fly Fishers, Southern Oregon Fly Tyers, and any other clubs or organizations that want to participate.

The location will be the First Baptist Church which is located at 649 Crater Lake Ave., Medford, OR, 97504.

Tables will be provided at no cost and are available beginning at 7 am on January 23, first come, first served.

A maximum of 2 tables may be used, until 9 am, at which time all unused tables will become available. Tables measure 8’ by 30”. A few smaller tables may be available.

Photo Potpourri

Lucky Leavitt was fishing for trout on the Applegate using an egg pattern under an indicator. She made a nice cast into a slot, the indicator paused, she set the hook and was on with her first adult steelhead. It was indeed a special day for her.

Photo Credit:

Ray McClanathan with a nice steelhead he caught on the Klamath River just below Iron Gate Dam. He caught the fish in early December.

Ray McClanathan with a nice steelhead he caught on the Klamath River just below Iron Gate Dam. He caught the fish in early December.

2016 Outings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Location</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Feb 19-20</td>
<td>Cow Creek</td>
<td>Dave Grosjacques</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mar 19</td>
<td>Applegate Steelhead</td>
<td>David Haight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apr 2-3</td>
<td>North Umpqua Steelhead</td>
<td>David Haight.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apr 30</td>
<td>Pronghorn Lake</td>
<td>Russ Leavitt.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Tying Tips

When you cut the tippet barbs away from the stem you allow each barb to separate when tied on as the tail. Because Peacock herl is very fragile, when you twist it around the thread before winding it you increase its durability dramatically. Keep the Red Ant fly sleek (low-water style) by limiting the amount of hackle and wing materials that are tied in. The Red Ant looks great and is fairly easy to tie. So give it a try, tie some up for the coming season, give them a test flight and let me know how you do.

Tie One On,

Dan Kellogg
FLY TYING CORNER

Red Neck Red Ant

Hook: Daiichi 2161, #6 or equal
Thread: Black 6/0
Tag: Flat silver tinsel, optional
Tail: Pheasant Crest, dyed red
Butt: Peacock hurl
Body: Red or red iridescent floss
Hackle: Black hen saddle
Over Hackle: Red hen saddle or red salt water hen hackle

Tying Instructions:

Place the curved hook in the vise after crimping the barb. Tie on your thread an eye width behind the eye and wrap to the point of the hook tip. Tie in the tag (optional) and then the pheasant crest the length of which should be equal to the length of the body. Tie in the peacock hurl butt and then the floss. Stop the floss two eye widths from the bend of the eye. Tie in the black hen saddle, tip end first, being careful to fold the barbells back toward the hook before each wrap. Wrap two to three wraps depending on the fullness of the feather, each wrap should be made tightly in front of each other. Tie off carefully and add the red saddle. Tie off and trim, finish with a neat thread head.

I have tied this fly with a hackle head of black, red, black and also with a red bead head. It is a fun fly to tie and fish. Stream and river fishing is best using the downriver swing or trailing or casting on the river from a boat. This fly also works well with a dropper such as the Partridge and Orange, Partridge and Black, Partridge and Red. Used in this way the Red Ant is an attractor and the trout then nails the Partridge fly as it passes.

Keep a tight line and keep on tying.

Instructions and fly by: Morris Fruitman

We thank Morris for another beautiful fly.

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair Ph. 660-6584 E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

Membership Form

SOUTHERN OREGON
FLY FISHERS

Please make checks payable to: SOFF and mail to: PO Box 1144, Grants Pass, Oregon 97528

☐ Regular..............................$25.00
☐ Family..............................$35.00
☐ Youth..............................$15.00
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☐ Lifetime (Couple)..................$350.00

Name(s): ____________________________________________
Address: ____________________________________________
City: __________ State: ______ Zip: __________
Phone: Home ( ) Work: ( )
Email: __________________________
Personal interests:

Renewal: _____ New: ______
FLY TYING CORNER

Red White & Blue Memorial Day Popsicle

Hook: Any Size You Would Like
Thread: Red 6/0.
Bead: Red Glass
Tail: White and Red Marabou.
Body: Alternating White and Red Marabou (One Clump Each) and One Wrap of White Marabou (Three Turns).
Collar: Blue (UV) Guinea.

Tying Instructions:

De-barb hook and put bead on the hook and mount in the vice. Dress the hook with the thread back to the bend in the hook. Tie in one clump of red and one of white marabou. Tie in some pearl flashabou. Make a couple wraps just in front of the bend and tie in a clump of red marabou. Wrap a couple wraps of flashabou, then tie in a stem of white marabou and wrap it around one wrap in front of the other (about three wraps), then another couple wraps of flashabou. Tie in some blue Guinea by the tips and fold the barbs back as you wrap forward about three wraps and tie off. Tie in some silver flashabou and whip finish.

I was inspired to do this fly as Memorial Day was upon us. I am not the first one to do a patriotic fly but I just had not seen one done in a popsicle style. Have I tested it, no. Will I, yes. Just felt patriotic this month. Hope you enjoy.

Fly Tied By: John Storfold

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair 541-660-6584 steelyjon@q.com

Please make checks payable to: SOFF and mail to: PO Box 1144, Grants Pass, Oregon 97528

Membership Form

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☐ Youth...........................................$10.00  ☐ Contributing.................................$50.00
☐ Lifetime (Individual)..................$350.00  ☐ Lifetime (Couple).......................$450.00

Name(s): ___________________________________________________________
Address: __________________________________________________________________________
City: __________________ State: ________ Zip: ______
Phone: Home ( ) __________ Work: ( ) __________
Email: __________________________________________________________________________
Personal interests: ________________________________________________________________

Renewal: _____ New: ______
FLY TYING CORNER

Renegade

Hook: Wet fly, Size 8 -16.
Thread: Black #8.
Tag: Flat Gold Tinsel.
Rear Hackle: Brown.
Body: Peacock Herl.
Front Hackle: White.

Tying Instructions:

Place hook in vice and jam thread down hook.

Tag: Tie on tag and wrap down to just above the center of the bend and wrap back to start, tie down and trim.

Rear hackle: Pick a brown hackle, (the total width about the same as the shank length). Tie on and wrap forward about 7-8 turns, tie down and trim.

Body: Peacock herl; pick three hurls, tie down and counter wrap around thread for strength and wrap clockwise 5-6 or more turns. Tie down and trim.

Front hackle: Tie on white hackle (it should be half again larger than the brown). Wrap forward 5-7 turns. allow for head. Tie down and trim.

Whip finish and cement.

To fish this little guy, cast up and across, mend with a quick jerk, enough to pull the fly just under the surface.

Tied by: Loren Black

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair Ph. 660-6584 E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

Membership Form

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☐ Youth.................................$10.00
☐ Contributing..........................$50.00
☐ Lifetime (Individual).............$350.00
☐ Lifetime (Couple)...............$450.00

Name(s): ________________________________
Address: ____________________________________________
City: ______________ State: __________ Zip: __________
Phone: Home (_______) Work: (_______)
Email: ________________________________
Personal interests: ________________________________
Renewal: _____ New: ______
FLY TYING CORNER

Rich Redding’s Freedom

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hook:</th>
<th>TMC 202SP Gold, Size 8.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thread:</td>
<td>White 3/0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tail:</td>
<td>Red &amp; White Duck Quill.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butt:</td>
<td>White Ostrich Herl.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rib:</td>
<td>Gold Oval Tinsel, Size Small.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Body:</td>
<td>Royal Blue Floss.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hackle:</td>
<td>Red, White and Blue Saddle Hackle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wing:</td>
<td>Red &amp; White Duck Quill.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tying Instructions:

Prepare tail -- 2 barbs red, 2 barbs white, 2 barbs red, married -- one for each side. Prepare wing -- 3 barbs red followed by 3 white, 3 red, 3 white, 3 red, 3 white, 3 red, married -- one for each side. Start thread one headspace behind the eye, dress to bend, tie tail on top, flared out with tips up. Tie on one white ostrich herl, make 3 wraps forward, and tie off. Tie on gold oval tinsel in front of ostrich on the bottom of the hook, leaving tag to right behind the head. Tie on royal blue floss, also leaving tag to right behind the head. Wrap thread forward to head making a smooth underbody. Now wrap floss forward making a smooth body and tie off. Wrap rib 5 wraps forward and tie off. Tie hackle on bottom as a beard, with blue under white under red, to hook point. Tie the wings on top, wet fly style, flared out with tips up with tip to the mid-point of the tail. Form head and apply head cement.

Don’t know if it will catch a fish but I think it will get their ATTENTION!!!

HAVE A SAFE 4TH

Created and tied by Rich Redding

John Storfold            Fly Tying Chair            Ph. 660-6584            E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

Membership Form

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City: __________________ State: _______ Zip: ______
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Email: __________________________________________________________
Personal interests: _________________________________________________

Renewal:_____ New:______

Please make checks payable to: SOFF and mail to: PO Box 1144, Grants Pass, Oregon 97528
FLY TYING CORNER

Rogue Flashback (Al Brunell)

Hook: Tiemco 3769 #6.
Thread: Black 6/0.
Bead: 5/32 Gold, Optional Black.
Lead Wraps: Optional.
Tail: Pheasant Tail Fibers, Approx. 6.
Ribbing: Red Wire, Medium.
Shell Back: Iridescent Green Braid.
Body: Peacock Fibers, Approx. 6.
Hackle: Three or Four Turns of Badger or Natural Brown.

Tying Instructions:
Mash the barb and put the bead on the hook along with any method of lead wraps you need. Use lead substitute and secure with thread and glue as necessary. You might want to do these ahead and allow them to dry.

Secure a good thread base back to the barb. Tie on the tail using the pinch method and wrap forward.

Tie in the ribbing on the near side.

Tie in the shellback keeping it along the top.

Tie in the peacock starting up at the bead and tie back to the barb. Then simply twist the peacock around the thread and wrap forward with touching turns up to the bead.

Pull the shellback up over the top being careful to keep it on top and secure.

Counter wrap the wire rib and secure.

Continued on Pg. 7

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair 541-660-6584 steelyjon@q.com

Membership Form

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- Family............................$45.00
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Name(s): ____________________________
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City: __________ State: _______ Zip: _____
Phone: Home ( ) __________ Work: ( ) __________
Email: _______________________________
Personal interests:

Renewal: ____ New: _______
CHANGING LINES

COMING EVENTS
4-2-3 Club Outing - North Umpqua.
4-5 Board Meeting.
4-12 SOFT Fly Tyers, Madrone Mobile Home Park in Gold Hill.
4-21 Club Meeting - Fly Tyers Night.
4-30-5-2 Club Outing - Pronghorn Lake.
5-3 Board Meeting.
5-7 Club Outing - Copeland Pond.
5-10 SOFT Fly Tyers, Madrone Mobile Home Park in Gold Hill.
5-19 Club Meeting.

Editor’s Notebook Cont. From Pg. 8

the ‘new flies’ that come to market are merely an older existing pattern that has been tied using new age materials or some unique twist in the construction of the fly, but still for all practical purposes it is a new fly.

As I have mentioned repeatedly, I am a self admitted fly tying junkie. I have several different titled fly fishing magazines that I subscribe to and have saved since the early 1980s not for the stories about how to fly fish, different locations to fly fish, but rather that fly patterns that they contained. Add to that the numerous U-tube videos that I have and the pattern sheets that I have picked up over the years and it equates to one heck of a lot of patterns that I have stored away.

If there is a dark side to this nirvana of fly tying bliss is that more is not better. Thousands of patterns, but how do you find them? Without some way to categorize them, for the most part, they are lost forever. A momentary read, then stored away into totes probably never to see the light of day again. Those patterns that really appealed to me at first read have been tied maybe only once or twice. The only problem doing this is that generally I don’t have

the materials needed to tie the pattern which equates a trip to the local fly shop or to a fly shop catalog to purchase the necessary materials to tie the fly and once tied; those materials go into their own tote most likely never to be used again.

At any rate, I digress from my original topic of the club’s fly tyer night. Needless to say that with over twenty ‘primo’ tyers scheduled for the club’s annual event, if you have even the slightest inkling to tie your own flies, a few minutes watching these tyers in action could be enough to spark a lifetime of interest in tying and crafting your own imitations or improving the patterns that you already tie.

In the same vein, Dale Heath sends word that the Southern Oregon Fly Tyers (SOFT) at their next meeting on April 12th, will be holding a ‘blow out’ sale of surplus fly tying materials. The materials will be from the collections of RFF members Dick Bonamarte and Joel Tobias and will consist of fly tying materials, tools and hooks. If you’re interested in saving a ‘boatload’ of bucks on this sort of items you might stop by for some super deals!

Rogue Flashback Cont. From Pg. 6

Select a hackle feather that will be about the hook gap when it is tied on and wrap about 3 to 4 turns. When you secure it with the thread, wind it back and forth through the hackle fibers to make it very secure.

Wax your thread, then whip finish and cement.

Notes

For wrapping the peacock I prefer to make a rope using the method in the Phil Rowley YouTube video.

To move the hackle out of the way for the whip finish and cement steps, I use a short piece of plastic straw. The straw is about 1 inch long and cut lengthwise. Then another cut to slightly taper the opening on one end. This can easily be slid around the thread and over the bead to hold back the hackle.

When I saw Al Brunell tie this fly I was hooked. Easy to tie plus it works and I haven’t been disappointed. My favorite version is to use a black bead and a furnace hackle.

Fly Tied By: Tom Collett

Albany Cont. From Pg. 4

have already made our reservations for 2017 which for those without a calendar it will be March 10th and 11th, 2017.
**FLY TYING CORNER**

**Rogue Flashback**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hook:</th>
<th>TMC 5262 #6 and #8 or any 2x Nymph Hook.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thread:</td>
<td>Black 6/0 or your choice.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bead:</td>
<td>Gold 5/32.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Body:</td>
<td>Peacock Herl, spun like Chenille.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rib:</td>
<td>Red Copper Wire, Medium Size.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back:</td>
<td>Rear 2/3 of body Riverborn Lime Pearlescent Polyflash or Green Diamond Braid.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hackle:</td>
<td>Brown Rooster Saddle, 3 Turns.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Tiers Notes**

This fly is absolutely my best producer for half pounders, as well as summer steelhead. Exley Mixon and I have taken many summers with it on the Illinois River and the Rogue in the 8 to 12 pound class. It fishes well with the downstream swing and also does well when dead drifted.

Fly originated and tied by Al Brunell

Thanks Al, another good looking fly. It’s time now for our club tiers to start getting busy on flies for submissions to our newsletter for 2006. They will be featured on a first come first entry basis.

Many of you are aware our Club fly tying class scheduled for January had to be cancelled. The long tables normally in the room where the class was held had been removed and replaced by individual student desks. They are not compatible with the space needed for tying flies. A new location will be sought out by the board to ensure the continuous 10 year event will have adequate facilities for the next class.

Just a reminder. Don’t forget to attend the 18th annual Oregon Council FFF Northwest Fly Tyers Expo which is scheduled for Saturday March 25, 2006 at the Lane County Fairgrounds Wheeler Pavilion, in Eugene, Oregon.

If any of our club tiers want to donate flies for their silent auction let me know, a fly box will be made available for you. Thanks in advance.

Bob Roberts  Fly Tying Chair  Ph. 476-6088  E-mail: flyfisher@rvinet

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**Membership Form**

Please make checks payable to: SOFF and mail to: PO Box 1144, Grants Pass, Oregon 97526

- Regular: $25.00
- Family: $35.00
- Youth: $5.00
- Contributing: $50.00
- Lifetime (Individual): $250.00
- Lifetime (Couple): $350.00

Name(s): __________________________
Address: __________________________
City: __________________ State: ______ Zip: ______
Phone: Home ( ) Work: ( )
Email: __________________________
Personal interests: __________________________
Renewal: ___ New: ___
FLY TYING CORNER

Rogue Goblin Spey

Hook: Steelhead/salmon
Tag: 3 turns fine oval gold tinsel and fire orange floss
Tail: Golden pheasant crest
Rib: Fine oval tinsel over the black floss body
Body: Back 1/2 black floss-Front 1/2 ostrich herl
Front ribs: Medium flat gold followed by small oval gold over the ostrich
Spey Hackle: Black, blue eared pheasant or substitute palmered over the ostrich
Wing: Bronze mallard tented over the body
Cheeks: Jungle cock eyes

Black and white does not do this fly justice. The Rogue Goblin Spey’s orange and black brings out thoughts of Halloween and Rogue River steelhead. The long palmered hackle gives lifelike action sometimes so crucial to fish catching quality. The jungle cock eyes further the impressionistic deception. I’d confidently fish this for Rogue half pounders or just hang it on the wall and admire its beauty.

Dick Adams

The next Board Meeting will be held at 7:00PM, May 23th at the Community Bank conference room. All members are welcome to attend. Enter at the southwest corner of the bank.

Membership Renewal

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<td>$250.00</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lifetime (Couple)</td>
<td>$350.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Name(s): ____________________________
Address: ____________________________
City: __________________ State: _______ Zip: __________
Phone: Home: ________ Work: _________
Email: ____________________________
As many of you know the late Al Brunell was a prolific fly tier and developed many fly patterns over the years. The last two patterns that he developed for the Lower Rogue (Agness area) were the Rogue Red & Rogue Blue Dancers. Unfortunately Al passed away before he had a chance to put them to use. If you are planning a trip to the Lower Rogue you might want to give these a try.

These are very straightforward wet flies and are easy to tie. Begin by tying in the tinsel for the tag and making two or three wraps forward. Next measure and tie on the tail. Now tie on a length of the wire for the rib.

Tie on the black chenille and wrap forward to form the body. Trim off the excess and wind the wire rib forward over the body and trim off the excess.

Tie on the hen hackle by the tip and make a few turns to form a full collar.

Now tie on a few strands of Flashabou and trim to the desired wing length.

Next cut and stack the desired amount of kid goat, measure and cut to length and tie on over the Flashabou. Now form a neat head, trim the thread and coat with head cement.

Take some of each color on your next trip to the Lower Rogue and fish them using the traditional wet fly swing. If you
OUTINGS AND WORKSHOPS

Scholarship Winner Cont. From Pg. 7

associated with the rod tip quivering from a barely noticeable fish investigation on a fly, or the Goosebumps that only come from reeling in and fighting a wild and beautiful rainbow or impressive steelhead.

I, again, thank you all for this generous contribution you have given to me for my educational pursuits. I look forward to attending one of your meetings to thank you all in person!

Sincerely,
Megan McKim

Fourmile Lake Outing Postponed

For those planning ahead, we have an outing to Fourmile Lake scheduled for September 15. I am the host for that outing and now have a conflict. I have been unable to find anyone to take over the outing, so it will be postponed (unless someone contacts me and offers to be the host). Due to other activities on our calendar, it will be rescheduled to a date in October.

David Haight, Outings Chair

Annual Club Picnic On Tap

Just a reminder that the Club’s annual Picnic is on Sunday, September 16th at the Harry and David Pavilion at the Reinhart Volunteer Park.

It will begin with a swap meet at 12:00 pm. It is requested that you bring a blanket or table to put anything you want to sell. Also beginning at 12 noon is the casting clinic taught by Larry and Bobbie White.

The picnic BBQ will begin at 1:00 pm with the club providing the meat (Tri-tip and Chicken) barbecued to perfection, and water/sodas. Cost is $5.00 per person.

As usual we will be having a raffle with some nice raffle items including a Gary Anderson rod.

As this is a pot luck, members attending with the last names beginning with A-L are to bring a dessert, while names beginning with M-Z are to bring a salad/side dish.

We still hope to have the casting games beginning at 3 pm, if someone volunteers to run them. For those of you that might be thinking of volunteering to run the casting games, it couldn’t be any easier; put out the rings, measure the distance of the casts and award the prizes – simple enough. Remember this, you don’t have to be an expert caster to run the games, your only duties are to measure and award and cast if you wish to!

In order to know how many tri-tips and chicken to throw on the ‘barby’, Jerry and Sue Keeling requests that you email them if you are planning to attend to jerrykeeling@msn.com with the number in your party.

Thank you very much,
Jerry and Sue Keeling

2012/2013 Outings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Outing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sep 15-16</td>
<td>Fourmile Lake (Postponed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oct 20</td>
<td>Middle Rogue Steelhead</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nov 17</td>
<td>Coastal Chinook</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jan 1</td>
<td>Holy Water Chili Feed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jan 19</td>
<td>TBA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fly of the Month Cont. from Pg. 6

Rogue Blue Dancer

Getting the right temperature for the chicken and tri-tips.

catch a nice steelhead on one of these, take a moment and look to the heavens, give a big smile and say thanks Al.

Fly Tied By: John Edwards

North Umpqua Fly Tying Festival

The Umpqua Fly Fishers invited you to their North Umpqua Fly Tying Festival in Glide, Oregon. It’s a free event featuring tyers from the West Coast. The festival runs from 9:00am to 4:30pm on Saturday, September 22, 2012.

There will guest speakers discussing how to get started in fly fishing as well as presentations on fishing in Central Oregon.

There will also be raffles, casting demos by Frank Moore, vendors, displays and food.

The event will be held at the Glide Community Center near the Umpqua River. Why not turn it into a fun camping/fishing weekend?

For more information, please contact the Umpqua Valley Fly Fishers at www.uvff.org.
FLY TYING CORNER

Royal Bugger

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hook:</th>
<th>Mustad 9672 Size or Equiv., Pinch Barb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thread:</td>
<td>Black.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Underbody:</td>
<td>.020 Lead Wire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tail:</td>
<td>Black Marabou.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belly:</td>
<td>Four Strands of Orange Floss.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Body:</td>
<td>Peacock Herl.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hackle:</td>
<td>Dark Blue Dun.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tying Instructions:

Wrap hook with thread. Add lead to the first 1/3 of hook, 8-9 wraps leaving head space. Secure lead with the thread advancing back to the rear of the hook. Tie in marabou tail. Length should be equal to the hook shank. Tie in 2’ piece of floss doubled in half on the bottom of the hook to form the belly of the fly. Tie in dark dun hackle by the tips-concave side facing rear and shiny side forward.

Continued on Pg. 7

John Storfold  Fly Tying Chair  541-660-6584  steelyjon@gmail.com

Membership Form

- [ ] Regular.............................................$35.00
- [ ] Family.............................................$45.00
- [ ] Youth..............................................$10.00
- [ ] Contributing......................................$50.00
- [ ] Lifetime (Individual)....................$350.00
- [ ] Lifetime (Couple)..........................$450.00

Name(s): ________________________________
Address: ________________________________
City: __________________ State: _______ Zip: ______
Phone: Home ( ) _______ Work: ( ) _______
Email: ________________________________
Personal interests: ________________________
Renewal: _____ New: ______
COMING EVENTS

6-5  Board Meeting
6-9  Club Outing - Diamond Lake with Steve Day.
6-12 SOFT Fly Tyers, Madrone Mobile Home Park in Gold Hill.
6-19 Club Meeting with Littleleaf Guides.
6-22-24 Cascades Lakes with Jerry and Sue Keeling.
7-2  Board Meeting.
7-17 No Meeting.
7-21 Wine Dinner Meeting - Plaiance Ranch.
7-28 Club Outing - Howard Prairie with Kevin Reiten.
8-7  Board Meeting.

Editor’s Notebook  Cont. From Pg. 8

For Sale

Son sometime in their lifetime should make a pilgrimage to Washington DC and see these symbols for themselves. They needed to walk around the WWII Memorial and touch the Black Wall of Honor, listing all those who died in Viet Nam, and I’m sure that in future years there will also be a Memorial for those that died in Iraq and Afghanistan. They need to go to Arlington National Cemetery and see the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier and then walk among the rows of markers pausing occasionally to read the inscription on them. Couple that with viewing and reflecting on the statuary depicting events in the various wars and I’m sure you will likewise be moved.

So then what is Memorial Day? It is a day given to fun and good times, but during these good times whether young or old, big or small, we need to stop and think about those that paid the price of admission for all of us to enjoy the day.

For Sale

Creek Country 8’ Pontoon boat (electric), Oars, pump, anchor, motor 34# thrust, new RV deep cycle marine battery.

Swivel seat and pads, 2 rod holders with extra valves.

Boat and all equipment $375.00

Contact: Gene La Haie 541-476-1069

Royal Bugger Cont. From Pg. 6

Tie in 4-6 strands of peacock herl by the tips and form a dubbing loop with the thread. Grab the peacock herl and dubbing loop thread with your hackle pliers and spin forming a hurl rope.

Dub body, secure and cut of the excess.

Spin the fly over if you have a rotary vice and pull the floss over the body to form the belly, secure and cut off the excess.

Spin the fly back and now wrap the hackle forward, tie off and clip off the excess.

Whip finish and cement head.

Fly Tied By Mark Heskett

SOFF NEWS  June, 2018  Page 7

Scholarship Cont. From Pg. 3

to school and maintaining a 4.0 GPA. Tyler expects to graduate with a degree in Fisheries Sciences at the end of winter term of 2019. After graduation, he plans to earn a Master’s Degree, and then pursue a career focused on the research, monitoring, and preservation of aquatic and marine ecosystems.

Andrew Chione is a junior from Newberg, OR. Since transferring to the Fisheries Sciences program at OSU, he has maintained a 4.0 GPA. Andrew is also working while attending Oregon State, and has a high financial need. Andrew has worked seasonally for the U.S. Forest Service doing stream restoration projects, and for the Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife surveying stream habitat and monitoring fish populations. He has also done volunteer work for the Yamhill Watershed Council and the Smith River Alliance. Once Andrew earns his Bachelor’s Degree, he plans to go into a Master’s program, and eventually would like to conduct fisheries research in the Pacific Northwest.

The Southern Oregon Fly Fishers is pleased that we can help these students as they work toward their goals of enhancing our fisheries resources.

David Haight, Scholarship Chair

Fly Tied By Mark Heskett

For Sale

Creek Country 8’ Pontoon boat (electric), Oars, pump, anchor, motor 34# thrust, new RV deep cycle marine battery.

Swivel seat and pads, 2 rod holders with extra valves.

Boat and all equipment $375.00

Contact: Gene La Haie 541-476-1069
Royal Wulff, Coachman

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hook:</th>
<th>Dry Fly 2X Long Size 12 to 16 (14 suggested).</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thread:</td>
<td>Black, Uni and Uni-Stretch, Chinese Red.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wing:</td>
<td>(Split - Figure 8) Calf Tail, White Calf Belly, Other White....</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tail:</td>
<td>Brown Bucktail, Golden Pheasant Tail and Black Hair or Other.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hackle:</td>
<td>Dark Brown or Mix Brown and Grizzly.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tying Instructions:

De-barb and place hook in vice. Start thread near eye and wrap back to 1/3rd of shank (Wing). Cut hair and stack, pull out any large hair, you only want the “fine”. Pinch and hold hair forward toward eye, use several wraps to tie down. (Do Not Trim) wrap a few turns in front and divide for the split wing, figure 8 style. Wrap up the wing away from you first with 4 or 5 wraps. Then do the same to other one. Now trim off the butts at a sharp angle toward the bend (Tail). Tie in (I like) the Golden pheasant fibers about 4 of them. The Tail length should be about the same as hook shank (between eye and bend).

(Body) Clean Peacock, 1/8th inch at end of quill, tie down and run thread back to hold peacock right where tail starts. Wrap the peacock 3-4 turns, then slip the red stretch floss under the tying thread and pull up to shorten the excess. Wrap a smooth red body (note you let the thread hang and as you wrap the peacock, red thread and peacock this helps keep them tight. hopefully the thread is now about 1/16th” from the wing. (Hackle) Prepare a Grizzly and a Brown # 14 hackle. Tie in the Brown hackle first and then the Grizzly hackle. Wrap the Grizzly first 3-4 times in back of the wing and pull down and under and make 2-3 wraps in front of the wing (depending on the head space.) Wrap the Brown Hackle 2-3 times in back and 1-2 in front. Whip finish and head cement.

You may want to clip the hackle at an angle on the bottom to make it float better. I tie the wing first because most tiers Continued On Page 7

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair Ph. 660-6584 E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

Membership Form

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Address: __________________________________
City: __________________ State: ______ Zip: ____
Phone: Home ( ) Work: ( )
Email: ____________________________________
Personal interests: __________________________
Renewal: ______ New: ______
CHANGING LINES

COMING EVENTS

1-6  Board Meeting
1-8  Conservation Work Party
1-11 SOFT Fly Tyers, Madrone Mobile Home Park in Gold Hill.
1-15 Club Outing - Coastal Steelhead
1-20 Club Meeting with Brian O’Keefe.
2-3  Board Meeting
2-4  Conservation Work Party
2-8  SOFT Fly Tyers, Madrone Mobile Home Park in Gold Hill.
2-11/12 Club Outing - Cow Creek
2-17 Club Meeting with John Shewey

2011 Dues

As your membership chairman I live with two fantasies, both unfulfilled to this date. The first is that I will be able to present to the membership a directory that is free of any errors. The second is that the membership will pay their dues in a timely matter. Timely is defined in our By-Laws as “prior to January 1 of each year.”

So I ask for your assistance this year in helping me live out these fantasies by sending your dues check, $35.00 for an individual and $45.00 for a family, to our club mailbox (P.O. Box 1144, Grants Pass, 97528) or paying me directly at the November or December meeting. Make sure you include any changes in your address, telephone number or e-mail address.

Thank you.

Rich Hosley, Membership Chairman

Huge Inventory Reduction Sale

HUGE INVENTORY REDUCTION SALE - I have way too many fly rods, reels and fly lines to possibly use. I have single hand rods ranging from 4wt. to 12wt., five spey & one switch rod. Two of the spey outfits are premium Gary Anderson rods with top of the line reels & lines. One is a 6wt., the other an 8wt.. I’ve two Hardy Marquis, a 7 & a 10 both with spare spoons. Also, a Billy Pate Bone Fish and a Saracione Monarch M40/AR for large saltwater. The single hand rods are the older G series 9ft two piece by Scott . I also have a 10ft 8wt & a 9'-6" 9wt. Scott. For more detailed info call John Edwards at 541-479-8026.

No reasonable offer refused.

In Memoriam

After a long and gallant fight from a brain tumor, Jay O’Brien, long time club member and immediate past treasurer passed away on December 22, 2010 at his home.

Dave Grosjacques succinctly said “I have lost a good friend and the club has lost a great member. I will always remember Jay as one of the first people who introduced himself when I joined the SOFF. His smile and totally positive outlook on life was a joy to all who knew him. He gave me a compliment one time when I was golfing with him and I asked him why he decided to take on the SOFF treasurer’s job and he told me that as long as I was president he would glad to do it, we could tell fish stories at Board meetings.”

Jay may you always have a warm sun on your face, a cool breeze at your back and the right fly to match the hatch on all the heavenly streams.

Tight lines, old friend.
Many years ago (circa 1920) a man named Dr. Lloyd A. Day in Canada designed a fly called a Carey Special. It was named for a friend of his Colonel Thomas Carey, who helped him test the fly. Originally tied for lakes and ponds the fly gained in popularity. Middle Rogue fly fishers, being the type to not leave a good thing alone, just had to make modifications. Thus was born the R.P.B. This fly has been a proven steelhead catcher. Tie up a few, I’m sure you will find them useful.

_Carey Williams_

---

**R.P.B.**

**HOOK:** Mustad 9672 4-14 or similar

**THREAD:** Black

**BODY:** Chenile, floss, or peacock herl

**RIB:** Fine gold wire

**HACKLE:** Ringneck pheasant rump feather*

**TAIL:** Marabou-color of choice. Usually tied in olive green, black, or dark brown.

*The trivia question of the week is what does “RPB” stand for?
FLY TYING CORNER

Rusty Bullet

The Rusty Bullet was designed by Joe Howell. It is designed to be a skating fly but can also be fished wet. The Rusty Bullet mimics the fall caddis (Dicosmoecus). These flies are abundant in most Oregon coastal streams. Tie up a few, you may be surprised at how well they work.

Carey Williams

HOOK: Tiemco 7999, size 8
THREAD: 6/0 Black
BODY: Fluorescent orange yarn
HEAD: Bucktail, bullet style with collar hair extending to the bend of the hook.
WING: Pair of orange grizzly hackle tips tied in behind the bullet head. Stems may be stripped and left as feelers at the front of the fly.

THE HEX

Scientific Name: Hexagenia limbata
Common Names: Hex, giant mayfly

Hexagenia limbata is the largest of American mayflies. Inhabiting some lakes and slow sections of a few rivers. Hatches usually occur between May and early July, depending on the local climate.

The nymphs are mainly nocturnal predatory feeders, burrowing into silty bottoms during the day. It makes little sense to fish a nymph imitation most of the year as the nymphs are not available to the trout during legal fishing hours. When the hatch season begins pre-emergers will be exposed for the last hour or so. Fish a nymph pattern right on the bottom, strip the fly a couple of feet then let it settle back, and repeat.

Hatches begin just before sunset. When you see duns on the surface, forget the nymph and fish a dry. I like cripple imitations as trout like most predators will rarely pass up an easy meal. Look for the Hex hatch on the Williamson about mid July, with the best batches occurring below highway 97.

Jeff Fox

Hexagenia Limbata Dunn
FLY TYING CORNER

Rusty Rat

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hook:</th>
<th>Salmon/Steelhead.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thread:</td>
<td>Red 140 or 6/0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tag:</td>
<td>Small Gold Oval Tinsel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tail:</td>
<td>5-8 Peacock Sword Fibers, Depending on the Size of the Hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abdomen:</td>
<td>Rusty Orange Floss.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vail:</td>
<td>Rusty Orange Floss.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thorax:</td>
<td>6-8 Peacock Herls Depending on Size of Hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wing:</td>
<td>Gray Squirrel Tail Fibers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hackle:</td>
<td>Grizzly Hen.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tying Instructions:

I caught my first steelhead on a double hook Rusty Rat, which the guide gave me. When I tied it on the tippet, I thought it was beautiful and many years later it is one of my favorite flies to look at and to tie. The style I have developed differs slightly from the more traditional salmon fly. My style uses shorter tail, no rib, shorter veil ending over end of tag, and wing of squirrel tail instead of silver fox.

Tie on thread slightly ahead of midway on shank and tie in tinsel under shank from that point to just over point of hook. Bring thread forward. Make 7-10 wraps of tinsel for tag. Tie off tinsel, covering with thread, and trim where other end started. Tie in sword barbs at this point, *holding ends about or slightly longer than bend. Hold barbs up as you* wrap back to tag. Move thread back to where abdomen will end. Tie in floss at that point, wrap back to tag then forward to start, tie off. If needed, at this point, burnish with burnishing tool or similar. Tie in peacock herls and form rope, wrapping thorax, leaving room to tie in wing and form head. Tie wing in place (just short of tip of tail), place drop of thin glue on ends of fibers (this hair is hard) and finish tie in. Prepare hackle and tie in by tip over wing tie in and wrap forward. Tie off and form head, whip finish and cement.

FlyTied By: Ed Morphis

John Storfold             Fly Tying Chair            541-660-6584              steelyjon@q.com

Membership Form

- Regular..........................$35.00
- Family...........................$45.00
- Youth............................$10.00
- Contributing....................$50.00
- Lifetime (Individual)..........$350.00
- Lifetime (Couple)...............$450.00

Name(s): ________________________________
Address: __________________________________
City: ______________ State: _______ Zip: ______
Phone: Home ( ) __________ Work: ( ) __________
Email: _____________________________________
Personal interests: __________________________
Renewal: _____ New: ______

Please make checks payable to: SOFF and mail to: PO Box 1144, Grants Pass, Oregon 97528
Salmon Fly Pattern

Secure a sewing needle parallel in your vise. Take a strip of orange foam 1/4" wide and fold in half. At the bend of the fold put the foam on the needle so that it is centered in the width and length. Take about ten loose turns of thread off the needle, tie in the tails over this thread. Fold the body material over the hook so half is on top and half is on the bottom. Make sure the body material goes between the biot tails so they are divided. Begin segmenting the foam using the tying thread to make increasing in size body segments. After 8 or 9 segments slip the foam off the needle and insert the point of the hook in the center of the bottom body foam. Insert hook in vise and continue segmenting body. After 2 segments put some adhesive on the hook (Head cement will do.). Tie next segment and then tie in a couple of rubberlegs. Tie in another body segment and then another set of rubber legs. Tie in another segment. Then tie a small segment to create a head. Clip off excess foam material from the bottom only. Tie in wing material. Fold remaining foam from the top of thorax back over the wing tie in point and tie down in segment crease. Tone the top and bottom of the fly body and thorax with brown Permanent Marker.

This fly is impossible to sink without adding a lot of weight. Remember when fishing it that the females when they are laying eggs smack the water pretty hard so a delicate presentation is not necessary. However, it is still possible to line scare a fish so don't make long casts to start. Work in close and then increase casting distance gradually until you are at the end of your longest cast.

Carey Williams

Contact: Dick Butler, Membership Chairman

Membership Form

Please make checks payable to: SOFF and mail to: PO Box 1144, Grants Pass, Oregon 97526

- Regular ......................... $25.00
- Family ......................... $35.00
- Youth ........................ $5.00
- Contributing ............... $50.00
- Lifetime (Individual) ..... $250.00
- Lifetime (Couple) ........ $350.00

Name(s): ____________________________
Address: ____________________________
City: ________________ State: __________ Zip: __________
Phone: Home ( ) Work: ( )
Email: ____________________________
Personal interests:
SGL (Sparse Goat Leach)

Hook: TMC 5263 Size 8-12.
Lead: .020 Lead Wire
Thread: 6/0 Uni-thread Black.
Tail: Angora Goat (Color: Tyer's Choice).
Underbody: Medium Mylar Silver.
Body: Angora Goat Dubbed Sparsely in a Loop.

Tying Instructions:

When I was at the fly tying conclave in Albany, Oregon, I watched Marlon Rampy tie a leach using a seal type dubbing. When I got home I tweaked his fly a bit and came up with this and I think it should be productive.

Start by wrapping lead on the shank, about 12 wraps in the center of the hook. Next start your thread at the eye end and make ramps at both ends of the lead wraps. Tie in a sparse tail of angora just in front of the bend of the hook. Just in front of the tail, tie in Mylar and wrap it to the front of the hook and tie it in and trim excess. Work the thread back to the bend. Now make a dubbing loop, about 4 inches long.

Take a small sparse pinch of angora and slide up to the top of the loop. Twist the loop 6 to 8 turns. Add another pinch of Angora goat hair and slide up the loop. Keep adding hair until you have a dubbing rope about 2-3 inches long. Remember you want it sparse so leave small spaces between pinches! Now spiral your dubbing rope forward to the front of the hook and tie it off and whip finish. With a comb, comb back the dubbing. You should see the Mylar underbody through the dubbing. Go Fish

Fly tied by Kevin Daniels

We want to thank Kevin Daniels for providing us with another great fly.

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair Ph. 660-6584 E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

Membership Form

Regular: $25.00
Family: $35.00
Youth: $5.00
Contributing: $50.00
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Lifetime (Couple): $350.00

Name(s): ____________________________
Address: ____________________________
City: __________________ State: ______ Zip: ______
Phone: Home (_____) Work: (____) ______
Email: ______________________________
Personal interests: ____________________

Renewal: ______ New: ______
Our August outing will be taking us to the Big K Guest Ranch on the main stem of the Umpqua River Near Elkton. The attraction here in August is the Smallmouth Bass fishing.

Smallmouth Bass are aggressive feeders. Their diet varies a bit from stillwater to rivers. In running water, patterns like Gold-ribbed Hare’s Ear Nymphs, Pheasant Tails and the Brook’s Stonefly Nymph are adequate offerings. Standard dry flies like a Bucktail Caddis, Royal Coachman Trude, Humpy, Elkhair Caddis and the Wulff series will work just fine. Other possibilities include minnow imitations like Muddlers and Zonkers. Get ready and plan to take advantage of Big K hospitality!

**Shewey’s Bass Bugger**

**HOOK:**
Streamer Hook 3X-to-4X long
Mustad 9674 or equivalent

**TAIL:**
Olive Brown Marabou, sparse, with a few strands of black or green Krystal Flash

**BODY:**
Peacock Herl
(counter wrapped)

**HACKLE:**
Dark Furnace, palmered over the body

**LEGS:**
Brown rubber, 2-to-3 per side

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**Annual Picnic 1999**
The club picnic will be at noon on September 19, 1999 at Tom Pierce Park
$3.00 for adults, kids under 12 years of age are free.
Sign-ups at August Meeting!!
Last year we had about sixty members and guests come out to enjoy the festivities.
Come on out. It’s Fun!
Call Judy Nagel at 862-2531.
Remember, if you do not like camaraderie, games, casting competition, food and laughter... you won’t want to come to the picnic. For the rest of you, see you there!
FLY TYING CORNER

Small Golden Stone

Hook: Tiemco 2312 #12.
Bead: 3/32 Gold.
Thread: 6/0 Color to Match Dubbing.
Tail: 3-4 Pheasant Tail Fibers.
Rib: Small Copper Wire.
Dubbing: Mustard Color Dubbing
Wing Case: Pheasant Tail and Small Gold Tinsel.
Legs: Small Centipede Legs.

Tying Instructions:

De-barb hook and install the bead. Tie in (2) pheasant tail fibers. Tie in copper wire. Dub body ¾ ways up the hook. Wrap copper ribbing to create a segmented body. Tie in 1-2 gold crystal flash and about 7-9 pheasant tail fibers to create a wing case. Tie in legs on both sides (legs should come back beyond the hook and shorter than the tail. Dub forward of the of the pheasant tail and in between the legs making a thorax. Bring the pheasant forward and the gold tinsel and secure to form the wing case. Tie in 2 pheasant fibers in front of the bead to create antenna. Whip finish and apply head cement (optional). Let's go fishing....

This fly works well when fished in riffles and tail outs, high sticking or with an indicator. Fished 2-6 feet deep, and mend to get keep the fly close to the bottom.

Fly Tied By: Mark Swanburg

We again would like to thank Mark for another one of his proven fish catchers.

John Storfold  Fly Tying Chair  Ph. 660-6584  E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

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- Youth..............................................$10.00
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Renewal: _____ New: ___________
Soft Hackle

Hook: Tiemco 2457 or Equivalent Scud Hook, Size 12-16.
Bead: Silver Size 3/32.
Thread: Black 6/0.
Body: Yellow Floss (Vary the Color to any Color You Like. I Just Happened To Tie This Fly in Yellow).
Hackle: Partridge.

Tying Instructions:

This fly is my interpretation of a fly Marlon Rampy showed me a while ago when he was our guest speaker. This is a very simple fly to tie. First pinch the barb and slip on the bead towards the eye. Now leaving enough room in front of the bead to tie in the hackle, wrap the floss starting in the middle of the hook back to the rear of the bend and forward to just behind the bead. Tie off the floss with a half hitch. Push the bead back against the floss and tie in the partridge by the tip and make 2-3 wraps and secure. Cut off the extra. Tie a small head and whip finish. Head cement (optional).

You can tie this fly in many colors and with or without the bead. This will depend on the water conditions and what the fish want. You can tie this fly on a lighter hook but if you are fishing the Williamson River or others where there are large fish, the 2457 provides you extra strength. I have heard this is a good fly for the Williamson and I would suspect a good one to have in your fly box all the time. Good fishing.

Fly Tied By: John Storfold

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair Ph. 660-6584 E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

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FLY TYING CORNER

Soft Hackle Flashback Prince Nymph

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<th>Size 8-14 Nymph Hook.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thread:</td>
<td>Black 6/0.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bead Head:</td>
<td>1/8” Black Bead.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Weight:</td>
<td>5/32 Copper Bead.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tail:</td>
<td>White Goose Biots.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Body:</td>
<td>Blended Seal-X Green Lantern and Black Stone UV2 Dubbings.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Legs/Hackle:</td>
<td>Partridge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash:</td>
<td>Pearl Tinsel.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tying Instructions:

This fly is a spin off the Prince Nymph with a couple twists from the original. What I did is replaced the body peacock herl with UV2 dubbing and replaced the wing biots with peril flash and added a soft hackle for movement.

Bend the barb down and install your bead with the small hole towards the eye of the hook.

Dress the hook with thread back to the bend of the hook and build up a bump to help separate the biot tail.

Tie in biots.

Dub the body up to just behind the bead.

Take a partridge hackle and strip off the fluff and tie in by the tips and with 2-3 wraps make a collar. Now take two pieces of peril tinsel and tie them in as wings, just as you would if you were tying in biots.

Whip finish and apply head cement and we are ready to go fishing.

This is just an example of taking a standard pattern and making it your own with a few tweaks to the recipe. The prince nymph is one of those flies that works for trout and steelhead.

Tightlines
John Storfold

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair 541-660-6584 steelyjon@q.com

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Soft Hackle Flies

At the January 2001 meeting Sylvester Nemes gave a presentation on these very effective patterns. Most, if not all of us, fish some soft hackle patterns. Examples are: Carey Special, RPB, Steelhead Prince, Olive Partridge, and Hackled Hare’s Ear. Most of these patterns have been featured in the SOFF newsletter over the past two years.

These flies imitate a variety of insects. Here is a chart to help identify what the flies imitate.

Sizes 14-22 Midge: Larva, Pupa, Emerger
Sizes 8-12 Caddis: Larva, Pupa, Emerger
Sizes 8-18 May Flies: Nymph, Emerger

No one submitted a fly for this month’s corner so as punishment you get this diatribe from me. Please submit fly to me with a write up as to how you tie and how you fish your fly. Also include the recipe. Carey Williams

Soft Hackle Flies

Hook: Tier’s Choice
Thread: To match body color or black
Body: Floss, peacock herl, hare’s ear, mole’s fur, antron, etc. To match color of natural.
Tail: (except on caddis) Peacock sword, hen blue dun, white hen, pheasant tail, etc.
Rib: (if used) fine gold wire
Thorax: Any of the body materials in appropriate color
Hackle: Partridge, grouse or starling body feathers, pheasant rump or soft hen hackle

Flies should be tied sparse. Hackle should be soft and if possible barred (grizzly), to imitate leg segments. These flies work in almost any water. Dead drift slowly in running water, or fast in still water to match the action of the naturals present.
Soft Hackle Shrimp
By Al Brunell

Shrimp patterns are my favorite winter steelhead flies when using nymphing techniques. I believe the steelhead will key in on a shrimp pattern more readily than an egg pattern in the first few days or miles out of the ocean. Marine biologists have told me that when the shrimp are plentiful that both steelhead and spring chinook spend several weeks on the south coast beaches gorging themselves on shrimp.

Hook: Dai-Riki 135 or Tiemco 2457 in sizes 8-6
Thread: Pink size 6/0
Tail: Mallard breast or flank feather
Rib: Medium Copper
Body: Hot Pink #52 Scintilla Dubbing (I further blend in approximately 10% Red Antron Yarn that is chopped into 1/4 inch pieces)
Hackle: Partridge flank feather
Head: Hot Pink, same as body and a medium gold bead
**March 'Fly of the Month'**

Some Kind of Nymph

Tying Instructions: Wrap 7 wraps of lead on the hook ending 1/8" behind eye of the hook. Start thread and build a taper at each end of the lead wraps. Tie in 8 strands of crystal flash for the tail then warp hook shank with crystal flash from the tail to lead and tie off, clip excess. Make a "noodle" of Ice Dub and cover the lead wraps to make a thorax, tie off and clip excess. Make a sparse collar of Indian Hen Back hackle or other soft hackle in front of the thorax then tie off and clip. Using Peacock Black Ice Dub, dub in front of the collar and build up the head. Tie off and whip finish.

Tying Notes: This is a good steelhead and trout fly either fished alone or as a dropper beneath a larger or heavier fly. It may also be tied in larger or smaller sizes. The fly has a good profile in the water and fish seem to like it. Give it a try!!

Tied by Kevin Daniels

Just a reminder that the OCTFF Annual Fly Tying Expo will be on Saturday, March 26, 2005. The event will be held, as usual, at the Wheeler Pavilion, Lane County Fairgrounds in Eugene Oregon. Doors open to the public at 9:00 a.m. Saturday and end around 5 p.m. If there is anymore information needed don’t hesitate to contact me.

If you plan to tie a box of flies for a donation to the Expo please contact me for a club fly box. I need those filled boxes returned to me as soon as possible. I will in turn transport them to the Expo.

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Renewal: ______ New: ______
January
‘Fly of the Month’

Spent Spinner

Hook: Dry Fly, size 10 to 22
Thread & head: Black 14/0
Tail: Grizzly hackle or wood duck, gadwall and teal.
Wing: Craftfilm or Shimazaki, pale gray
Abdomen: Ray’s mule tail (or equal), one dark, one light/cemented.
Thorax: Moose hair dubbing blend.
Hackle: Badger or grizzly, V cut on bottom.

Tying notes—Shimazaki pale gray wing material, may be colored with a permanent marker pen. Hook size, different colors of quill and dubbing can be used to match a large range of natural hatches.

Tier: Don Joslyn

Thanks Don, for this excellent fly pattern. I definitely will add this one to my fly box for the next trip to my favorite trout stream.

Also, many thanks to all our tiers for their fly submissions to the 2004 newsletter. It was greatly appreciated. Let’s do the same for 2005, give your flies and patterns to me as soon as possible. We have to prepare the photos ahead in order to submit them to the editor in a timely manner.

Bob Roberts, Fly Tying Chair

Beginning Fly Tying Class
Begins: January 5, 2005
Wednesdays, 7-9 pm
Grants Pass High School
Cost $25 per person
Contact instructor: John Edwards, 479-8026

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Renewal: ______ New: ______
Steelhead Caddis With Soft Hackle

Hook: TMC 2457, Size 8-16 Depending on Targeted Species.
Thread: Black Veevus 10/0, Danville 6/0 or whatever you want.
Body: Chartreuse Ultra Wire.
Thorax: Peacock Herl or Dubbing of Similar Color.
Hackle: Partridge.

Tying Instructions:

Pinch the barb and dress the hook with thread.

Tie in the wire on the underside of the hook and wrap back to half way down the bend of the hook and move the thread back to the place 1/3 the way from the eye where we will start the thorax.

With touching wraps, wrap the wire up to the place where we will tie in the thorax. Tie off the wire and helicopter the wire to break it off flush with the thread.

Now choose 3-4 strands of Peacock Herl and tie them in and make a herl rope and make about 3 wraps to form the thorax and tie off leaving head space.

Take a feather from the partridge, strip the fluffy stuff off and tie in by the tips. While folding back the fibers, make 1 ½ to 2 wraps and tie off. Check for even fiber distribution around the hook. Form a small head and whip finish. Use head cement at your discretion.

Note: this fly can be tied replacing the wire with floss of different colors on smaller hooks for trout when the water is clear. This is a very versatile fly. The name is more a description versus a name as I am sure there are flies similar but may not be named the same. This is just what I call it. It was a spinoff of another fly I have seen in the past but it had biot wings not hackle. Good luck and tight-lines.

Fly Tied By John Storfold

John Storfold  Fly Tying Chair  541-660-6584  steelyjon@charter.net
FLY TYING CORNER

Steelhead Coachman

Tying Instructions:

Dress the hook and wrap back to just above the tip. Tie in your tail feathers. They should stand just a little and extend beyond the hook about ¼ inch.

Tie in your tincel and about five to seven strands of peacock herl.

Using your thread make a herl rope and wrap forward leaving enough room to tie in your hackle and the wing and head and tie down.

Wrap the tinsel forward with about 4-5 wraps and tie off.

Tie in your hackle and make about two to three wraps and tie-off.

Get a clump of buck tail and stack them to get them even. Then tie the wing on top with the wing coming back to just above the end of the hook and just shorter than the tail.

Now make a nice head and finish with head cement (tier’s preference) Note: if you would like to use white thread, you can color the thread red with a marker as you tie the head.

This fly is one of the flies recommended for the Deschutes by the Deschutes Anglers Fly Shop during low and warmer waters. I am sure that it will work in other conditions but I have no personal knowledge. Tie up a few and enjoy.

Tied by: John Storfold

John Storfold     Fly Tying Chair     Ph. 660-6584     E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

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Renewal:______ New:______
Steelhead Prince

The Prince Nymph is considered an essential standard pattern by many trout fisherman, and has proven to be just as effective for steelhead.

You may find a somewhat different pattern described in older books, but this has been the accepted version for the last ten years or so. The Steelhead Prince follows the basic recipe, but with a “twist”. Alec Jackson gives a good description of how to apply the body material: “select 4 or 5 pieces of long peacock herl and 2 pieces of floss, one bright red and the other bright green. Tie one set of ends in near the eye of the hook and wrap back to just above the hook point. Now stroke all of the material parallel, and stroke the herl so the fibers stand up. Put the other set of ends in a pair of hackle pliers and start twisting. Keep twisting until things seem tight. Since the floss will eventually lock in the herl, don’t panic if the herl breaks while twisting. Just clip the broken ends and proceed as if nothing was wrong. Once done twisting, wrap the twisted rope up the hook shank as usual.

John Edwards suggests using a heavier hook such as the TMC 700, or wrapping a few turns of lead wire. He also suggests using red goose biots for the tail, and turning the wing biots up to give a little more swimming motion. Finally, try fishing it with an open loop knot. Dennis Nagel

Tying Directions

**Hook**
TMC 7989, Mustad90240 or 9627 for lightweight fly; TMC7999, Mustad36890 or 39068 for heavier fly.

**Thread**
Claret or brown

**Tail**
Brown stripped goose biots tied in V off the sides

**Body**
4 or 5 strands of long peacock herl twisted together with bright red and bright green nylon floss.

**Hackle**
2 to 4 wraps of claret or brown steelhead hackle.

**Wing**
White stripped goose biots tied in V over top.

SOFF Picnic - September 24th
FLY TYING CORNER

Stewart's Black Spider

Hook:  Daiichi 1640 or TMC 501 (2X Short Straight Eye Dry), Size 12 - 16
Thread:  Black 8/0.
Body:  Black Thread.
Hackle:  Starling.

Tying Instructions:

Smash the barb and start the thread one headspace behind the eye. Strip the fluff from the butt of the hackle. Tie in the hackle by the butt, shiny side down on the top of the hook with the tip extending in front of the eye. Wrap the thread, one wrap right next to the other, back (that is, toward the bend) to the midpoint of the hook, and cut off the excess quill of the hackle. Continue wrapping back to just above where the barb was, and then wrap the thread forward, one wrap right next to the other, back to the midpoint of the hook shank. Leave the thread hanging there. Palmer the hackle back to where the thread is hanging. Secure hackle with two tight wraps and wrap the thread forward through the hackle to the headspace. Tie a small head and whip finish. Finally, trim off the tip of the hackle and apply head cement.

This fly was originated by James Baillie, a gillie in Scotland around 1850, and was made famous by W.C. Stewart, a noted writer at the time. Stewart used Baillie as a guide on several occasions.

In the 1850's, this fly was tied with brown Pearsall's silk that was heavily waxed with cobbler's wax. The reason for this was that the dyeing process weakened the black silk, making it too fragile. Black silk was only used for ribbing.

Tied by Dave Hamilton

John Storfold  Fly Tying Chair  Ph. 660-6584  E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

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FLY TYING CORNER

Stewie Fly

Hook: TMC 3761, #10-16.
Thread: Olive.
Bead: Gold, 1/8” (3MM) for Sizes 10-12 hooks.
Tail: Hungarian Partridge Barbs, 6-10.
Body: Light Hare’s Ear Dubbing Brush.
Hackle: Hungarian Partridge Feather.
Collar: Peacock Herl, 1-3.

Tying Instructions:

The “Stewie” was devised by R.L. Stewart of the Trinity-Shasta Fly Fishers. It is an effective pattern, yet easily tied with dubbing brush. If you don’t have a manufactured dubbing brush, you can make your own, with light hare’s ear dubbing (include guard hairs) and small copper wire. Stew suggests that you can try different shades of dubbing brush. (The one in this picture looks darker than original.) He recommends hook sizes 10-16. The example is tied on a size 12 TMC 3761, which is 1 or 2XL, allowing room for bead.

Place bead on hook with small hole to eye, tie on and lay a base of thread, tie in tail (should be shank length). Tie in dubbing brush at tail and wrap forward, tie off, and trim excess. (Leave room for hackle and collar.) Strip or trim off-side barbs from hackle quill, tie in by tip with barbs pointing back and make two turns, then tie off and trim. Tie in herls, wrap to form collar, tie off and trim. Cement thread and, “Voila!” You have tied a Stewie.

Fly Tied By: Ed Morphis

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair 541-660-6584 steelyjon@q.com

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Stillwater Bug - By Denny Rickards

Hook: Tiemco #200R 3X Long or Dai-Riki #730 2X Long in Sizes 8 or 10.
Weight: .020 Lead Wire.
Tail: Long Maribou Strands in Black, Olive or Burnt Orange.
Underbody: Antron Yarn.
OverWing: Angel Hair in Olive or Peacock.
Thorax: Holo Brite in Olive or Bronze.
Hackle: Saddle Hackle in Dark Orange, Burnt Orange or Amber.

Tying Instructions:
Wrap a thread base and put 12 to 15 turns of lead wire on the front half of the hook. Tie in a thin strand of Antron at the tail and wrap forward over the lead, forming a smooth body.

Take a bunch of marabou and tie in a tail about the length of the body. Take the thread forward about 1/3 of the way toward the eye. Wrap the ends of the marabou forward to the thread, forming the body. Tie off and trim ends. Take another bunch of marabou and tie in a mid-wing at this point that is just a bit shorter than the tail. Take the thread forward about 2/3rds of the way to the eye. Take the ends of this marabou and wrap it forward, forming the body the same way up to the thread and tie off and trim. Take a third bunch of marabou and tie in another mid-wing at this point, making maybe one turn of it to form a thorax. Tie in 6 or 8 strands of Angel Hair over this wing.

Shape the thorax with the thread, then dub on the Holo Brite from the forward mid-wing almost to the eye. Make the thorax thicker than the body. Trim any bits of dub that are sticking forward over the eye or back along the body.

Tie on a pretty long strand of hackle just forward of the thorax, shiny side forward. Wrap 2 or 3 turns of hackle forward toward the eye. Then take the thread and wrap the hackle, sweeping it back along the body at a 45 degree angle. Finish a smooth head and whip finish.

Comments: I have caught fish with this fly wherever I have used it. It works great in lakes on an intermediate sink line, with strips and / or twitches to give it some movement. I have also used it with a floating line, with the fly hanging 3 or 4 feet under the surface with lots of movement.

Fly Tied By: Dave Grosjacques
## Fly Tying Corner

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stimulator</th>
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### Tying Instructions:

This pattern can be tied in a variety of colors, but the thorax seems always to be orange. The largest brown trout I ever caught was fooled by an olive and orange stimulator. It is standard to use just on saddle hackle for the entire fly with the barbules length 1 ½ times the hook gape, but I like the way it floats with a longer hackle wound over the thorax. That way the front hackle, rear of the planered hackle and hook all rest on the surface film.

This version is a bit different from the standard. I don't like to use dubbing for the thorax, and I like a slightly under-dressed dry fly. It can be tied on small sized hooks, but it seems to work better as a larger pattern. I prefer to fish it in a size 10 and larger. It best simulates a stone fly, but it can be used as a grasshopper in fast water.

**FlyTied By: Ed Morphis**

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Personal interests:  
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FLY TYING CORNER

Stimulator

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<th>Hook:</th>
<th>Curved Shank 3XL Dryfly #6 to #14, or Equiv.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thread:</td>
<td>Light Cahill, Cream or Tan 6/0, or Your Choice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tail:</td>
<td>Deer Body Hair, Natural or Dyed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Body:</td>
<td>Floss or Yarn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thorax:</td>
<td>Orange Floss or Yarn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hackle:</td>
<td>Barbules Same Length as Hook Gape, Palmered Over the Body, Slightly Longer Over the Thorax. Grizzly, Cree and Badger Work Great, or Match the Overall Fly Dressing Color.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wing:</td>
<td>Deer Body Hair that is Fairly Firm, not soft, which will Flare and is not easily cut by the thread when tied down.</td>
</tr>
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Tying Instructions:

This Pattern is Reprised from 2006

This pattern can be tied in a variety of colors, but the thorax seems always to be orange. The largest brown trout I ever caught was fooled by an olive and orange Stimulator. It is standard to use just one saddle hackle for the entire fly with the barbule length 1 1/2 times the hook gape, but I like the way it floats with a longer hackle wound over the thorax. That way the front hackle, rear of the palmered hackle and hook all rest on the surface film.

This version is a bit different from the standard. I don't like to use dubbing for the thorax, and I like a slightly under-dressed dry fly. It can be tied on small sized hooks, but it seems to work better as a larger pattern. I prefer to fish it in a size 10 and larger. It best simulates a stone fly, but it can be used as a grasshopper in fast water.

Tied by Ed Morphis

John Storfold  
Fly Tying Chair  
Ph. 660-6584  
E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

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FLY TYING CORNER

Stretch Magic Midge

Hook: Scud; Daiichi 1120, Dai-Riki 135, TMC 2457 - Size 14.
Head: 10/0 Seed Bead - One Solid White Followed by One Transparent Green with Silver Lining.
Thread: UTC 70 Olive.
Rib: UTC 70 Olive.
Body: Stretch Magic - Size .7 mm.

Tying Instructions:

A note about materials: Transparent seed beads with silver lining and solid white seed beads can be found in bead shops or craft stores.

Smash the barb and place the white bead on the hook, followed by the green bead. Place the hook in the vise in a vertical position, with the eye pointing down. This makes it easier to tie on the Stretch Magic. Tie in the thread a little past the midpoint of the bend of the hook. Tie in the Stretch Magic at this point leaving about a ¼” tag. Reposition the hook to a normal tying position in the vise. Spiral the thread forward to the bead on the bare hook, creating a rib. Wrap the Stretch Magic forward, placing each wrap next to the previous one, and stretching it as you wrap, until you reach the bead. Secure with 2 – 3 tight wraps. Stretch the Stretch Magic and cut as close as possible. Whip finish and apply head cement. Stretch the tag end of the Stretch Magic and cut as close as possible.

This pattern can also be tied in different colors by changing the olive thread and the green bead to black, tan, or red. (The white bead is always used.) I learned to tie this fly from Bob Wolfe at the International FFF Show in Spokane last year.

Fly tied by Jay Daley

John Storfold  Fly Tying Chair  Ph. 660-6584  E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

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Lifetime (Couple).........................$450.00
Various members have talked to me about purple flies in recent weeks. One of the all time favorites is of course the “Purple Peril.” There is another purple fly which is popular among anglers and has been around for a long time. (Pre-1976. I have not been able to find a reference to actual dates.)

It is the “Surgeon General.” A good fly and not difficult to tie. There are several versions, as with all flies, and some color variations. But for the tying of purple flies, we will stick to that color for this issue of the newsletter.

This pattern is believed to be representative of the original in style and color. Tie some up and go have some fun.

Carey Williams

**HOOK:** Salmon/steelhead

**THREAD:** Black

**TAG:** Fine oval tinsel

**TAIL:** Fluorescent red hackle fibers

**BODY:** Purple yarn or antron or floss

**RIB:** Silver tinsel

**WING:** White bucktail

**throat:** Guinea fibers dyed purple

**HACKLE:** Fluorescent red tied as a collar over wing and throat

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**MEMBERSHIP RENEWAL**

Time to start thinking of dues!!! February is renewal month. Just for fun, let’s see how many new members we can sign up.
**FLY TYING CORNER**

**Taylor's Black Stone**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Thread:</th>
<th>Black.</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hook:</td>
<td>Size 6/2x Nymph Hook</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bead:</td>
<td>Black.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead:</td>
<td>Wrapped 1/2 of the Body to the Bead</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tail:</td>
<td>Goose Biot.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Body:</td>
<td>Black Dubbing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rib:</td>
<td>Black Lace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collar:</td>
<td>Black Ostrich Hurl</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Tying Instructions:**

Place a black bead on the hook. Wrap lead on about half of the hook all the way to bead. Tie in goose biots for the tail. At the tail, tie in a piece of black lace for the ribbing. Wrap the body with dubbing material to the bead. Wrap the black lace ribbing from the bead back about 1/4 to 1/3 of the hook shank. For the thorax, tie in one of the fine feathers you find behind the pheasant tail hackle clump from a whole skin. Wrap 2 or 3 times around the body. These feathers are very fragile, so wrap carefully. Then tie in the black hackle and next to that, tie in another fine feather from the black pheasant tail hackle clump. If you like the thorax to be fuller, you can tie in a third fine feather. Tie in black ostrich hurl for the collar.

I have caught trout with this nymph at the holy water. It can also be tied in different colors.

**Tied By:** Randy Taylor

We want to thank Randy for sharing another beautiful fly for the Fly of the Month. Great job Randy.

---

**Membership Form**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Membership Type</th>
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<tr>
<td>Regular</td>
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Taylors Caddis Pupa

Hook: Size 10 to 14 Caddis-Pupa Hook
Bead: Small Gold
Lead: Wrapped 1/4 from Bead
Ribbing: Copper Wire
Body: Lite Brown Dubbing
Hackle: First one is a small dyed black feather from behind the Pheasant Rump Patch. The second one is a Brown Soft Hackle.
Antenna: 2 Pheasant Tail Quills
Collar: Black Ostrich Hurl

Tying Instructions:

First put on bead and then wrap lead onto front ¼ of hook. Then tie down lead with thread. Wrap thread down to bend and tie in copper wire for rib. Then wrap the body with dubbing up to the bead. Take the copper wire and wrap 6 or 7 turns for ribs forward to the bead. From a dyed black pheasant rump patch, behind the hackle, is a very small feather. Take one, and tie in about ¼ away from bead and wrap 2 turns and tie off. With wet fingers lay these feathers back toward Bend of hook. Next to this tie in a small brown soft hackle make a couple of turns and tie off. From here tie in antennas using 2 Pheasant tail quills. Try to make them as long as the body.

By now you should be right next to the bead. Take 1 small ostrich Hurl and tie in next to the bead. Make 2 wraps and tie off. You can tie this in different colors and sizes to match the hatch.

Good luck... and Tight Lines.

Tyer: Randy Taylor

Let's thank Randy again for a fine Fly to add to our fly boxes.

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair Ph. 660-6584 E-mail: steelyjon@charter.net

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Renewal:____ New:____
'Fly of the Month'
The Black Nasty

Hook: Dai Riki 135 #6, Black Marker Colored
Thread: Ultra Thread 14/0 Black.
Tail: Goose Biot, Black.
Under Wing: CDC, Dun Color.
Wings: Goose Biot, Brown.
Thorax: Ostrich Herl, Black.
Rib: Cooper Wire.

Tying Instructions: Use seven turns of .035 lead, or substitute, in the head for bead support and to build up for the thorax. The “Black Nasty” is the “bench result” of not having any peacock herl to dress my usual fare. My tying bench had all the materials I use within reach. This is a typical nymph style and is easy to dress. The black marker pulled everything together and made it more believable as something that may actually live.

Tied by Don Joslyn

Note: To those who are beginner fly tiers, hopefully you have learned that a fly pattern is listed, top to bottom, in the sequence in which the fly is dressed.

Many thanks to all our fly tiers for their participation in this year’s fly tying meeting. We had many more than anticipated yet it was a welcome sight. This is an annual event and it is designed to showcase the talent of our members. For those who are new to fly tying this is an opportunity in which you can become accustomed to tying with people watching who are familiar to you. There is no better way and you are encouraged to become a part of this important club event. Consider joining in next year. Beginners are welcome and encouraged.

Bob Roberts Fly Tying Chair Ph. 476-6088 E-mail: flyfisher@rvi.net

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FLY TYING CORNER

The Booby Fly

Hook: Standard Nymph Hook sized to match your targeted fish.
Thread: 6/0 Color to Match the Fly.
Tail: Marabou Color to Match the Fly.
Body: Crystal Chenille or Estaz (I used Kelly Green and Pearl/Red Twisted Together).
Eyes: Booby Foam or some other Close Buoyant Foam (This is the Key to this Fly. See Below how to make the Eyes.
High Lights: Crystal Flash.

This month’s fly is different in how it reacts and how it is fished from most of the flies most of us have in our fly box. The Booby Fly was first tied and named in England by Gordon Fraser over 30 years ago. The Booby is a simple pattern to tie but the action created by the marabou tail and the buoyant eye act as an attractant. According to literature I have read, the wobble created by the eyes and the extra movement by the marabou created during the retrieve draws aggressive strikes. This fly is fished with a sinking line and a fairly short leader. You allow the sinking line to sink then rest and retrieve alternating you retrieve from the old wrist twist to 10 -12 inch strips.

Tying Note: (according to Phil Rawley) Tie the Booby in a variety of colors. Try alternate materials for the body including Tri-Lobal hackle, chenille, dubbing or peacock herl.

TYING INSTRUCTIONS:
Put the hook in the vise and dress the hook shaft. Make your eyes out of booby cylinders length equal to the shank length. If you don’t have access to that you can cut them out of some other closed cell foam. Tony Bishop, told me he uses the soles of flip flops and cuts them out using an old car antenna cut in sections. Because the antenna is tapered, it will give you a tool that can cut different sizes for different fly size. The other way is old fashioned sizzers and tediously cutting until you have round cylinders. Either way you want to round off the end just like most of the weighted dumb bell eyes are shaped. The eyes

Continued on Page 5

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair Ph. 660-6584 E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

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OUTINGS AND WORKSHOPS

Fourmile Lake Outing

David Haight will lead a joint outing for the Southern Oregon Fly Fishers and Rogue Flyfishers to Fourmile Lake the weekend of August 17-18.

Fourmile Lake is a beautiful, crystal-clear lake on east side of Mount McLoughlin. With a maximum depth of 170 feet and an elevation of 5744 feet, the lake’s water stays cool, and the fishing can hold up well during the summer. The lake is heavily stocked with rainbow trout, many over 15 inches, which produces good fishing. Fourmile Lake also contains lake trout, kokanee, and brook trout. The lake trout do not tend to be very large, but seem to be easier to catch than they are in other lakes. Consequently, Fourmile Lake may be best place in Oregon to catch a lake trout on a fly.

To get to Fourmile Lake, turn north off Hwy 140 onto Forest Road 3661, then follow this gravel about seven miles to lake. There is a Forest Service campground at the lake. There is no boat ramp, but boats that don’t require the trailer to be submerged deeply can be launched off the shallow beach near the campground.

We will meet at the boat launch area at 9:00 AM Saturday for a brief discussion about fishing the lake, and then spend the rest of the day fishing. Several of us plan to spend the night in the Forest Service campground and fish Sunday as well. Club members can come up for just the day or join us for the weekend.

Fourmile Lake can be fished effectively from the bank. Float tubes or pontoon boats will work, but given the size of the lake and the wind can come up, boats are the best way to access the water. Six-weight rods are a good choice for the fishing conditions typically encountered at the lake. You should be prepared to fish a variety of depths, so bring floating, intermediate, and fast sinking lines. As is common in many high-elevation lakes, the trout in Fourmile Lake tend to be opportunistic feeders; thus, a variety of patterns will work. Typical lake patterns like woolly buggers, leeches, Carey Specials, damsel nymphs, and callibaetis nymphs work well for the rainbows. Since lake trout prey on other fish, they can be targeted with streamers; however, they will also take the same flies used to target the rainbows. Fourmile Lake is known for an abundance of mosquitoes, but they should be thinning out by mid August. Still, it would be a good idea to bring repellent. You should also remember sunscreen.

Fourmile Lake is often overlooked by fly anglers in the Rogue Valley. Given the great fishing it can provide throughout the summer and into the fall, and its close proximity to the valley, more fly fishers should give it a try.

David Haight, Outings Chair

The Booby Fly Cont. From Pg. 6
on this fly are just under ¼ inch in diameter. Tie in the eyes using a figure eight pattern. Don’t get your first ties too tight as you can cut through the foam with the thread. Tie in the marabou just behind the eyes and wrap back to the bend of the hook. I always put at least one wrap under the tail to limit it getting tangled in the hook. The ending tail should be hook shank length. Tie in about two strand of Flashabou on each side of the hook. Prepare the estaz by stripping the end down to the core and tie in the two different colors of estaz. Twist them to make a rope and then wrap forward, combing the fibers back after each turn until you are at the eyes. Tie in and secure with a few half hitches or whip finish. Finish with some head cement to help keep the eyes in place.

NOTES: I am anxious to try this on our lakes. If you want more information please just Google (booby fly patterns). You will find article by Phil Rawley, and Tony Bishop who also has a book out and others with actual youtube videos demonstrating tying their version of the booby. Remember the booby is a style of fly not a specific combination of colors or material. The particular colors I chose were to approximate a fly that I found on Phil Rawley and Brian Chan’s website. The booby tubes are actually for sale in the UK over the internet, but are harder to find here in the states. I used some closed cell foam and cut the cylinder and made it as round as I could. It was time consuming. If you can find cylinders, you will save yourself some major time. I first got interested in this method reading an article a while back in the “Fly Tyers” magazine. There are many patterns that you can tie using this same principle from small nymphs, to damselflies and beyond that I found in different articles. The only limitation is your imagination. You can find article also discussing slight variations on fishing techniques. I have not used the fly yet, however I am intrigued by the concept and once I read the article discussing the technique I was wondering why I had not thought of it. Maybe that is why I am not a professional guide and writer.

Good luck and tight lines!

Fly Tyed By John Storfold
When Colonel Tom Carey first tied his “Special”, there was no way he could have foreseen what was to come. His fly is probably the number one pattern for still water fishing throughout the West.

The original uses chenille (brown, green or black), a tail of pheasant flank and an oversized Pheasant Rump feather for a hackle that is intended to drape over the entire body as shown above.

Later came the RPB with it’s body of peacock head and tail of Marabou. Some call it a Carey Bugger, either way you look at it, it’s a modified Carey Special.

If you do not already stock this fly in your box for the high lakes, you will need to get busy. This is the absolute number one pattern that you should be packing when you leave here on your way east to the High Lakes.

Depending on size and timing, this fly could match a big sedge; a damsel fly nymph or a dragon fly nymph. The dragon fly nymph is my best bet and I like fishing a size 6 with small irregular strips. Slime line presentation is my favorite, but many people get on down with a sink tip or full sinking line for deeper dredging. Retrieve this fly slowly. It is a predatory insect imitation and should not be drawn through the water as if it were the subject of attention. It is on the stalk and should be retrieved that way.

I like this fly for one very important reason….. the fish like this fly. Still water fish see similar bugs inching their way along a foot or two under the surface and will readily take this fly in the early summer months. I cannot emphasize this enough. If you are going to Howard Prairie, Hyatt Lake, Davis Lake, Wickiup Reservoir or Crane Prairie, this must be in your box. Make no exceptions.

This fly is so easy to tie, it is readily completed by stark beginners. There is nothing fancy here. The fly is made of three basic parts. A tail, a body, (an optional rib), a hackle and that’s it. So get busy now and be prepared for the Klamath Basin Outing in July.

I caught a couple of dozen fish over 20 inches on this fly last season and plan to do the same again this year!

Gary Fuller

---

The Carey Special

HOOK:
Mustad 9672 or 9674
size 4-to-14

THREAD:
black

TAIL:
Ringneck Pheasant rump fibers

BODY:
Chenille (olive or brown)
or peacock hurl

HACKLE:
Ringneck Pheasant rump feather
1 to 1 & 1/4 times hook length

The Carey Special can be tied using any type of material for the body and tail. The long pheasant rump hackle is the only consistent part of this fly. This pattern is an excellent wet fly, producing trout in both rivers and lakes. Olive and brown seem to be the most popular colors and are always in my trout fly box.

Jeff Fox

---

For Sale
Sea King Boat
13ft aluminum with electric and gas motors. New oak wood benches and new wood oars. Trailer included.
$650.00
Call Mike Trask at 582-4572
The Casual Dress

Called “Polly’s Casual Dress”. The original pattern was tied with muskrat fur. Synthetics are replacing the more hard to find traditional materials in many patterns and this is no exception. It is an easy pattern to tie and resembles the original, with a little sparkle.

Tie in a small bunch of the squirrel leaving the under fur in with the guard hairs. Form a loop of thread and insert some ice dub and twist to make a noodle (Remember, if you are right handed twist the loop left, and to the right if you are left handed.) Twist the loop to make a rather tight noodle. Wrap the noodle toward the eye of the hook. Leave enough room for the thorax and head. Make the body tapered. Make another loop and add ice dub. Make another noodle, but make this one fatter than the first so the thorax will be larger in diameter. Wrap to behind the eye, leaving enough room for the head. Tie in a black feather (short barbules are preferred) and make two wraps, stroking the barbules back as you wrap. Tie in herl and wrap to form a fuzzy head. Tie off and whip finish, apply head cement if desired.

**HOOK:** Mustad 9672 Sizes 6-12  
**THREAD:** 6/0 Black  
**TAIL:** Black or grey squirrel. (Short)  
**ABDOMEN:** Black peacock or mice dub.  
**THORAX:** Same material as abdomen.  
**COLLAR:** Black hackle feather.  
**HEAD:** Black ostrich or peacock herl.

Fish this pattern as you would any nymph pattern on a trout, steelhead, or salmon stream. It will also catch bass and bluegill in lakes. It may also be tied in different colors to imitate nymphs where you are fishing. I prefer black and dark olive. When properly tied this pattern should have a fuzzy or ragged appearance.

Carey Williams

---

**A FISH STORY**

On a cloudy morning in September I heard the sound of rocks clattering in the Rogue River in front of my home. It sounded like a clumsy walker in the streambed. I approached the river expecting to see someone stumbling through the rocks. I saw no one. On closer inspection I spotted a salmon flopping in the shallows. I quickly changed into shorts and wading shoes, went over the bank, across the shallow still water to rescue the stranded fish. I found a 40-inch salmon stuck in shallow water banging itself on the rocks.

I picked the stunned fish up and put it into the moving water, holding it gently in an attempt to revive it, as I would any fish I’d caught before releasing it. I sat on a rock for about 20 minutes talking to the fish, explaining my philosophy of saving every creature on my river. Since I’m a carpenter and talk to walls often, speaking to a fish comes naturally. The fish was not doing well.

I left the fish with a promise, get better or be my dinner. It didn’t look good for the fish. Twenty minutes later, after getting out my cutting board and sharpening my fish knife, I went back to the fish.
Steve Bonner's Eyed Egg

The Eyed Egg is one of the best egg patterns available to the steelhead fly fisher. This pattern was the brain child of Steve Bonner. He developed the original concept and after some tinkering and fishing through a couple of seasons settled on the fly we have today. The Eyed egg can be tied in a couple of minutes, so an angler won't worry about loosing a few in a days fishing. The Dazl-eye barbell gives the fly its trade mark eye spot and more importantly sinks the fly very rapidly. It is critical in steelheading to get your fly down to the level of the fish, particularly for winter steelhead. In the winter, the rivers flows can be a problem and getting a fly (any fly) down to the fish can be a challenge to say the least. The eyed egg can accomplish this better than any other egg pattern I have found. Tie it, fish it, you won't be disappointed.

In tying this fly, make sure the glow bug yarn used as egg milt on the head is tied in very sparse. You don't need to use very much yarn to accurately simulate the whispy milt often found on eggs.

Jeff Fox

The Eyed Egg

HOOK:
TMC 2457 or Mustad 3906 size 8-6

THREAD:
Orange or White size 6/0

EYES:
Gold Dazl-eye bar bells size 3/16 or 7/32

BODY:
Orange or Red Glow Bright chenille

COLLAR:
Champagne Glow Bug yarn

HEAD:
Same as thread

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Dues Are Due
You must have your dues paid by 31 March, 1999 or you will be removed from the club roster. Time is running out!

For Sale
2- Lamson LP3 reels good for 7-9 wt. Perfect condition.
Call Jeff Fox 471-0001
The Flash Back Nymph

I am not sure where in the world we ever got the idea to tie little nymphs like the Flash Back, but I am sure glad that we did. This nymph is a cousin of the good old Hare’s Ear and represent a variety of May Fly species.

The single most important addition here is the Krystal Flash wing case. The translucent effect of the pearl Krystal Flash gives the nymph a realistic look that seems to be good enough for most fish.

Ribbing is optional, but gold wire or stripped peacock herl are good choices.

The Thorax area can be done with more Hare’s Ear dubbing or wrap several strands of Peacock forward in this area to offset the Hare’s Ear Abdomen. If you use the Hare’s Ear for the Thorax, pick it out and make it a little bushier than the dubbing in the abdomen.

Make yourself a good sized head with your thread and that’s it.

When you fish this nymph, or any nymph, it is important to know what insect you intend to imitate. To just throw it in the river, slough or pond and hold on is not good enough. Take some time to learn what insects are present in the water. Take some time to learn how these insects get around. Find out what type of locomotion they use. Decide if the Flash Back is a proper imitation for these bugs and then step up to bat.

In Jeff’s description of the fly, he advises to fish it with confidence. This is a very important concept. If you do not fish with confidence, your catch will be an accident and you won’t learn a thing from fish to fish. If you fish with confidence, each fish you touch will add a little bit to the knowledge of the stream and it’s inhabitants. The overall picture will become clearer and your fishing will be enhanced with each trip to the river. Have fun out there!

Gary Fuller

The Flash Back Nymph

HOOK:
TMC 200 R
size 2-to-10

ABDOMEN:
Hare’s Ear Dubbing in choice of color

RIB:
Stripped Peacock Herl (optional)

THORAX:
Hare’s Ear Dubbing or Peacock Herl

WING CASE:
Pearl Krystal Flash

Apply weight to hook as desired. Cover rear 2/3 of hook shank with dubbing. Tie in enough crystal flash to make a wing case. Apply dubbing (or peacock herl) to remaining 1/3 of hook shank.

Fold crystal flash forward and bind down. Before removing the tag end of the wing case fold 2 strands of crystal flash back along the body and tie off. Clip off remaining tag ends and create a thread head.

This is a very simple and effective trout and steelhead fly. Fish it with confidence.

Jeff Fox
‘Fly of the Month’
The Fuzzy Egg

Hook: Dai Riki 135 #8 or Equiv.
Thread: White 14/0.
Tail: One Red Holographic Flash, two Midge Crystal Flash Seal.
Egg Body: Pseudo Seal Dubbing, Sand Shrimp Color or Whatever You Like. Tie The Eyes On By Wrapping With Figure Eights.

Tying Instructions: The key to this fly is the Pseudo-seal dubbing, it is applied in a figure eight application around the Dazl Eyes. With a bodkin pick it out to your preference. The pseudo-seal also has a lively sparkle and looks wet. I like this egg because it looks freshly fertilized. The red marker coloring of the hook gives the fish and angler a different look and hopefully a greater allure (no pun intended). The red marker on the hook and around the eyes is to mimic the way the eggs looked to me in the hatchery trays.

Tied by Don Joslyn

The Fuzzy Egg fly of the month certainly looks like a winner to me. I will add it to my arsenal, Thanks Don.

As a reminder, don’t forget to attend the April club meeting to help support our fly tiers. These are members who help make our club go, many of them support a lot of our events time after time. Some take part in the seminars, classes, outings and auction each year. They are the heart of our club. Please plan to be there and let them know your appreciation of their efforts.

I hope some of you were able to make the trip to the Oregon Council FFF Fly Tying Expo in March. If not, ask a member who attended and learn what it is all about then plan on being there next year. There were twelve of our members participating. It is a great opportunity to sit and visit with some of the people who have had a part in making the fly fishing world as we know it today.

Bob Roberts Fly Tying Chair Ph. 476-6088 E-mail: flyfisher@rvi.net

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Renewal: New:            Please make checks payable to: SOFF and mail to: PO Box 1144, Grants Pass, Oregon 97526
The Golden Demon fly was introduced to the United States by Zane Grey, the famed western writer. Mr. Grey discovered the Golden Demon in New Zealand soon after the turn of the century. In 1919 he fished the Rogue River, and introduced the fly to southern Oregon. He enjoyed great success with this pattern on the Rogue.

The Golden Demon is intended to be an attractor fly, and is not a simulator of any insect. The original color and materials had not changed in fifty years. In the late 1960's, I changed the body material from oval gold tinsel to gold diamond braid tinsel, and the hackle from light orange to hot orange. The change in these two materials increased the attraction by fifty percent. The Jungle Cock "eyes" have also increased the effectiveness. This fly caught the most fish, either trout or steelhead, in the last two hours of daylight. The Golden Demon Fly has been my most requested presentation fly. For presentation purposes I use an Alec Jackson gold hook.

Jerry James

editor's note:
Black and white photography is an insult to this pattern. I regret the fly could not be represented in full color.

For the few who may not know Jerry, he has been a professional fly tier since 1954, and he has won numerous awards and designations.

Bring a guest and win a Sage rod with matching Orvis Battenkill reel!!
The Golden Stone Fly

SLF Golden Stone or Plecoptera: Perlidae to those more scientifically minded. This Golden Stone pattern is tied by Lee Costner who contributes to the magazine, Fly Tying World. The SLF stands for Synthetic Living Fiber. Any fiber that is translucent will work. In the earlier part of the season tie as shown. As the season progresses and the nymphs grow darker, darken the body and the wing case. This fly works well in stained water, still or flowing.

Correction

Ms. Nancy, last month’s fly, incorrectly listed the tail and butt as Pheasant. We all know he meant to say Peacock spear and butt. Thanks John for the heads up.

Editor

Carey Williams

Contact: Dick Butler, Membership Chairman

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**Tying Instructions:** The Hedge Hog is a take-off on a dressing I saw Skip Morris demonstrate. I was taken by the full top of the hook being dressed with successive stacks of deer hair. The Hedge Hog fishes high, dry and visible. Not good in wind. I have dressed this with several variations, but this one came out on top.

It turns into a great skating Hedge Hog by adding forward angled, stiffened hair as outriggers. I also tie the tail with deer hair and tie it down lower than the hook bend. Finally the skater has a hair collar to help keep the front of the fly riding high with the outriggers opening a wide V wake.

Thanks Don, yet another good looking pattern.

None of our fly tying members are responding to my request for submission of fly patterns to the Fly of the Month article in the newsletter. Do you need a personal engraved invitation to participate? Well, I have even tried that approach verbally and in the newsletter still only a few takers. Do you even care if the article is continued each month? If not then I am wasting a lot of my time for nothing. It is important that the flies reach me early each month so the photos can be done in a timely manner. I have enough now for the next three months, thanks to a few who have participated. When they are gone and none of you respond then I will recommend to the board of directors the article be dropped because of lack of interest. I will no longer beg for participants.

**Tied by Don Joslynn**

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Renewal: New: __________
FLY TYING CORNER

The LBF (Little Black Fly)

Hook: Standard Wet Fly, Daiichi 1550, #12 to 16 or equivalent.
Thread: Black, 6/0.
Tail: Black Hackle Feather.
Rib: Fine Silver Wire.
Body: Peacock Hurl.
Thorax: Peacock Hurl.
Hackle: Black Hackle Feather (or Dyed Black).

Tying Instructions:

Place hook in vice and pinch barb or use barbless hooks. Start your thread behind eye and wrap to the tip of hook. Secure feather barbs on the shank. Do not let the thread wander back to the curve and pull the feather barbs down. Keep them straight back from the shank. Tie on wire. Tie on one peacock hurl, twist on thread and carefully wrap forward to thorax. Counter wrap silver wire and tie off. Build the thorax using a peacock hurl rope by wrapping the same area at least two or three times. Tie off. This holds the hackle collar up and in place. Tie in the hackle by the tip. The hackle barbs should be measured to equal the length of the shank of the hook. A little longer is ok but not shorter. One and a half wraps is adequate but depending on the feather two and a half wraps is fine. Tie off and wrap a neat thread head. Cement keeping the eye clear.

This soft hackle fly has been very effective in clear spring waters. Using a dry line tie fly onto 9 or 10 feet of small but strong leader and tippet. Drift through deep pockets, clear to the end. Larger waters use as a dropper. Depending on the water use either a dry or slow sink clear or camo. line. This fly represents drowned flies, small beetles or large ants. If the fish are fussy they may very well take this fly. There may very well be another name for this fly but I have not seen it as yet, forgive me if there is.

Fly Tied By: Morris Fruitman

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair Ph. 660-6584 E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

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Renewal: _____ New: ______
The Lowly Rubber Legs

Every time you think about Steelhead fishing, flies like Green Butt Skunk, Tiger Paw and Brindle Bug come to mind. This month we will be turning our focus toward tactics for steelhead fishing and with this in mind I would like you to consider a couple of points about fishing for these wary anadromous fish.

The first thing is location. If you are not fishing to fish, then move. Many steelheaders use a system of 3 to 4 favorite flies. They find fish visually or hit a holding spot that they know will usually produce fish. They start with their number one most favorite fly in the world. If this does not work, they switch to their number 2 most favorite fly in the world. If this does not work, they go right down the list of their most favorite flies until they have given each one an honest try. If they have not had a hit with these 3-to-4 flies, they move to a new spot and start the process all over again.

The reason I start this article with this explanation is because the lowly Rubber Legs is one of my most favorite flies. It represents a class of flies that includes the Egg Sucking Leech, the Rubber Legs Marabou and the bead head varieties of each of these.

When the standard greased line down stream swing does not produce, it is important that you dredge the bottom of the hole with a heavily weighted critter of some kind before you give up and move to a new spot. The lowly Rubber Legs fits the bill and it is very easy to tie.

Don't turn your nose up at this one. Joe Howell told me last week they were taking fish right now on "leeches" (among other things) on the North Umpqua River.

This is not rocket science, but you should not be without this fly on Oregon's Steelhead rivers.

Black Rubber Legs

HOOK:
Any 4X long nymph hook. Mustad 9672 will do just fine. Pinch down the barb to make it barbless before you put the hook in the vise

THREAD:
Black

TAIL:
Black rubber leg material

UNDER BODY:
Weight this fly with as many turns of the weight material of your choice as you can get on the hook

BODY:
Black chenille

LEGS:
Black rubber legs

HEAD:
Orange or Black Thread or gold bead head

ANTENNAE:
Black rubber leg material

The first set of legs should be at the half way mark up the shank of the hook. As you wrap the body forward, don't cut off the chenille each time you add a new set of legs. Stop at the right spot, add in the legs and keep going. Some people tie in all the legs at once and then pull them out as they go by with the chenille.
The Matuka Streamer

The first time I ever saw a Matuka Streamer I instantly realized it's potential as a minnow imitation, but did not foresee how important this fly would become in my angling with a fly. The fly was originated in New Zealand, but was made famous by an Idaho guide and artist. Rene Harrop, of Ashton, Idaho, popularized the Matuka Streamer in the late 70's and early 80's. His artwork often depicted a large brown trout chasing a Matuka Streamer and his prints with a framed fly were magnificent pieces of art. The scenes that Rene captures were indelibly imprinted on my brain and helped send me on a search for those brown trout that continues today.

The success I found with Matuka Streamers has produced some of my most fulfilling fly fishing. When they are taken by a big fish, the strike can be so vicious that the fly is actually cut from the leader on the take. In fact, for my trip of October 8th, the big black Matuka is the only fly that I will use.

It was not until I moved to Grants Pass that I found a second very important use for the Matuka pattern. They are significant Steelhead flies when fished on a greased line system and are also effective when fished deeper in the run with a sink tip line.

John Shewey is the reason for this discovery and his quote says it all, “An overwhelming majority of the time, probably along the lines of 95 percent, I (we) fish our favorite purple flies, the Purple Matuka and the Spawning Purple.” The credit for the Purple Matuka pattern shown above goes to Forrest Maxwell, John Shewey’s coauthor on Fishing for Summer Steelhead.

I love to tie this fly and I love to fish this fly. Fly tying is most fun when the insect, or in this case the bait fish, comes to life right there on your vise. It looks hard, but with a little practice tying Matukas is easy.

Gary Fuller

The Matuka Streamer

HOOK:
Always tie Matuka Streamers on up-eyed hooks
Mustad 36890 or equivalent

THREAD:
Black

BODY:
Wool, Chenille, Dubbing, Poly Yarn
Wrap the body forward prior to tying in the wing feathers.

WING HACKLE:
Four matched Hen Hackles
Dyed Grizzly, Black, Furnace, Badger, etc, etc, etc.
Place the feathers face to face, two on each side. Tie these in after the body has been completed.

RIB:
Oval Tinsel
Silver for black and purple flies, gold for all else
The rib is tied in at the same time as the body material. Use the ribbing (or mono... see tip below) to lash down the wing feathers.

BEARD:
Tuft of Marabou (optional)

COLLAR HACKLE:
Long wispy Hen Hackle to match wing

OVER WING:
Bucktail, Marabou, Peacock Herl (optional)

TIP: Tie in a piece a monofilament with the ribbing. Use this to lash down the wing feathers. Then come back through with the tinsel to make a much more durable fly.
FLY TYING CORNER

THE OLD MARE or WITHERWOX SPECIAL

HOOK: #6 - #14 Steelhead hook
TAIL: Mallard flank fibers, 15-20, shank length
BUTT: Sedge green silver tinsel chenille
BODY: #56 red floss or red Antron, thin
RIB: Fine gold oval tinsel, 4 turns
HACKLE: Brown, as a beard or full tied wet
WING: White bucktail, 1 1/2 times body length

This fly was designed by Hal Witherwox and used on the Rogue River in the early days. Hal, whose fly rod now is sadly quiet, was a flytier and owner of the Black Bar fishing Lodge in the now Wild and Scenic section of the Rogue River. This pattern is good for steelhead and Half Pounders on the swing across a seam or riffle fence.

GUEST NIGHT

Bring a guest and you and your guest will be entered into a special raffle of a Gary Anderson Custom Rod! This is a fun way to introduce new folks to our fine group and perhaps increase our membership!

Membership Renewal

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**The Orange Tailout**

**Hook:** Dai Riki 700B #4 or equiv.

**Hackle:** CDC/Dun.

**Tail:** Goose Biot/Black.

**Extended Body:** Alex Jackson Orange Silk.

**Butt:** Peacock Herl.

**Wing:** Goose Biot/White.

**Thorax:** Peacock Herl.

**Head:** Spirit River Brite Bead 3/16 Gold.

**Tying Instructions:** The tailout is the result of creating a nymph with a trailer hook. I achieved the appropriate trailer effect by using the Dai Riki 700B hook with a downward bend in the rear 2/3 of the hook. This hook gives enough room on the forward 1/3 of the shank to develop the small nymph profile. I use 7 turns of .035 lead wire in the bead and to build up the thorax.

Dressing a tail and butt at the bend of the hook gives a lot of space for attractor possibilities. Use whatever silk floss that strikes your fancy. The orange has produced fish for me in the fall.

Tied by Don Joslynn

**Editor's Note:**

Bob Roberts was hospitalized last month, the result of gall bladder surgery. We all wish him a full and speedy recovery.

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Renewal: ______ New: ______
Fly Tying Corner

The Partridge and Orange

- **Hook:** #18 - 24 barbless dry fly, Daiichi 1190 or equal
- **Body/thread:** Pearsall Gossamer Silk thread, orange
- **Thorax:** A mix of muskrat and hares ear mask (fine)
- **Hackle:** Partridge soft hackle (Neck feathers)

**Tying Instructions:**

Tie on the silk thread and unwind until all twist is removed. Tie back 2/3 of the hook and unwind again until all twist is again removed. Tie forward to 1/3 the hook length from the eye. Tie in a small amount of dubbing and build a thorax. Tie in the Partridge feather keeping the soft hackle to be used sparse. Pull back the feathers toward the back of the hook and gently wrap around the hook, no more then 1 1/2 to 2 wraps, to form the neck hackle. Tie off a neat thread head and cast off. Use a minimal amount of head cement. (Do not use head cement on the body. Any cement on the silk will change its color and appearance.)

This fly is one of my favorites. Although this is a simple fly to tie care must be taken when tying. It is an old fly and originated in Scotland/England and can be tied in any number of colors. However, the name changes with the color (Partridge and Red, Partridge and Black, etc.). It can be tied down to a very small size depending on your vision and steady hand. Although this is the recipe for the original fly you can substitute local silk thread, artificial dubbing and different feathers but it just does not seem to be quite right to me. It can be fished as a dropper or alone using a dry line. It would be just as effective in a still water environment as it imitates any number of small insects.

Good luck fishing and keep a tight line.

**Fly Tied By:** Morris Fruitman

We want to thank Morris for sharing this fly with us.. Good fishing...

**John Storfold** Fly Tying Chair Ph. 660-6584 E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

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**Renewal:** ___ **New:** ___
FLY TYING CORNER

The Purple Flash

Hook: Standard Salmon Hook Size of Your Choice.
Thread: Black.
Tag: Flat Gold Tinsel.
Tail: Red Hackle Fibers.
Body: Purple Braided Mylar, or Diamond Braid, or Poly Flash.
Collar: Deep Purple Saddle or Hen Hackle.
Wing: Red Fox Squirrel Tail.
Cheeks: Jungle Cock (Optional).

Tying Instructions:

1. Tie in thread and wrap back to point of the hook and tie tag and wrap about 3/16 of an inch.
2. Tie in tail hackle fibers (approximately 3/8" extending past the end of the hook by about 5/16"
3. Tie in brad and palmer threw body, leaving room for the collar and head.
4. Tie in hackle and do about 3 wraps.
5. Tie in wing (red fox should be even with the end of the hook) and then jungle cock cheeks (not shown in this picture) and finish off the head.

Fly tied by: John Graves

We want to thank John for sharing another excellent fly with his fellow club members.

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair Ph. 660-6584 E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

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I ran across this pattern several years ago at the Fly Tying Expo in Eugene. One look at it and you’ll understand the name. I picked up a copy of the tying instructions and upon returning home, I tied up a few. They were then tucked away in one of my fly boxes for safe keeping.

Some time went by without giving the fly any thought and then one winter’s day it proved to be “The Fly”.

I was standing knee deep in the Holy Water, watching steady rise forms in front of me. Trying to figure out what to use, I examined the water’s surface. I could see very small silver-gray objects floating toward me. As I looked closer, I could see that they were midges slowly emerging and that as they floated along their shucks were visible in front of them. I looked to see what I had that would match these emergers and “viola”, the Raccoon fit the bill.

The Raccoon, with its well marked hackle for a trailing shuck, looked very close to what was on the water. I fished it with good success on that day and several times since. I have found that the deer hair version is too fragile for my liking. Poly yarn or a good grade of CDC feather makes a more durable fly.

Fishing these little flies requires both light tackle and a light touch. Making the switch from chucking lead eyed leeches on 14 pound leaders for big steelhead to 3 to 4 weight rods and fine leaders can be very frustrating.

Remember when a fish takes your fly (and some very big fish eat midges), raise your rod tip to gently meet the fish. Tiny hooks of fine wire set very easily and are very difficult for the fish to throw. Too much pressure on your part will straighten the hook or break it off at the leader knot.

Midges are a staple in a trout’s diet and are available for a larger part of the year than any other group of insects. With a little patience and practice, you too can enjoy some very fine midge fishing and the Holy Water is a great place to do it.

**The Raccoon**

**HOOK:**
Tiemco 101 sizes 14 to 26

**THREAD:**
12/0 Black

**TAIL:**
Very fine and well marked grizzly hackle tied in flat with the shiny side down.

**BREATHING FILAMENTS:**
A few strands of white poly yarn tied in figure 8 style and trimmed so that a few short strands stick out on both sides.

**WING CASE:**
Light gray Deer Hair, gray poly yarn or gray CDC feather tied in at rear and folded forward over body.

**BODY:**
Fine dry fly dubbing in black or color to match the hatch. Peacock herl may also be used here.

**HEAD:**
After folding the wing forward and tying it down, trim the excess material letting it extend over the eye of the hook.

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**Novice Fly Tying Class**
Ten week class starts 5 January.
The class is open to the general public. Meeting site is Room C130-131 at Grants Pass High School. The class is limited to 20 students. Cost is $35 per student. To sign up call Parks & Rec. Dept. at 471-6434.
Recipe for The Red One
Tier: Joe Holzen

Hook: Mustad 3906B Szs. 8 or 10, 9671 Sz. 10
Thread: Hot red, 6/0
Weight: .015 lead wire, 7 wraps
Body: Red Short Shuck, ‘Jay Fair’
Tail: Hot Orange or Red Marabou
Krystal Flash: Blue, silver, gold or your choice

Directions

1. Sharpen hook.
2. Wrap seven wraps of lead wire to front of hook. Be sure to leave room for the head.
4. Wrap thread to rear of hook above barb of hook, then back to behind lead wire.
5. Tie in marabou (3/16 to 1/4 bunch) behind lead wire, wrap back to above barb. Tail should be 1” to 1 1/2” long.
6. Tie in krystal flash, one on each side of tail, same length as tail.
7. Tie in short shuck at last wrap on tail (furthest to rear).
8. Wrap short shuck forward, tease to rear of each wrap, tie off at front of lead wire.
9. Wrap head.

Rods: 5-6 wt. Lines: forward sinking #2 slime line, sink tip #2 Leader: 6-8 ft. tapered to 3X Knot: Use loop knot to tie leader to fly.

Fishing Technique: Cast across or slightly upstream, let line sink to about 6-10 inches under surface. Use short, 2-3 inch quick strips, pause (very short) and repeat.

Joe Holzen

(Answer to Question on Page 3: Montana)

Contact: Dick Butler, Membership Chairman

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Soul Mates: The Skunk and the Tiger Paw

Mr. Joe Howell will be our special guest this month at our annual fly tying meeting. The Tiger Paw, which Joe originated, is now a standard steelhead pattern and in this space for April we would like to show you how to convert the Skunk, which you probably already know how to tie, into a Tiger Paw.

In a past issue of this publication we discussed the Skunk and its place as the seminal “swing” fly. The Tiger Paw is a swing pattern like the Skunk and is tied with the same techniques as the Skunk, but with the addition of Orange Krystal Flash in place of the white wing and a black tail instead of red as is used in the Skunk.

The Tiger Paw is a fly developed for the North Umpqua by Joe Howell. Joe and his wife Bonnie, own and operate the Blue Heron Fly Shop in Idleyld, Oregon on the banks of the North Umpqua River. Joe guided on the Umpqua for 37 years. In its original form, The Tiger Paw was a black and copper colored fly using copper for the tag and rib and a darker copper wing. The Tiger Paw proved to be a deadly steelhead pattern on the North Umpqua. The fly has become a popular and productive pattern on the Rogue and is proving itself on many other Oregon and Washington rivers.

**Tiger Paw**

**HOOK:**  
TMC 7999 or Mustad 76890  
size 8-to-2

**THREAD:**  
6/0 black

**TAG:**  
Gold tinsel

**TAIL:**  
Black hackle fibers

**RIB:**  
Gold tinsel

**BODY:**  
Black chenille

**WING:**  
Orange Krystal Flash

**HACKLE:**  
Black saddle

Joe Howell
The Skunk

The Skunk, in its various configurations, is considered by many to be the most productive steelhead fly of all time. It is hard to say whether this fly’s popularity is due to its productivity or vice-versa, but every fly fisherman who chases steelhead has at least one in his fly box. The combination of white and black keep the fly visible over a broad range, from early morning fog to midday sun.

The Skunk is an excellent choice for sight fishing, when an angler’s ability to see the fly is critical. Having confidence in the fly being fished will increase concentration and make an angler fish harder. I have a lot of confidence in the Skunk, particularly the green butt version, I expect to catch fish when using it. This is one skunk that comes up smelling like a rose. Give it a try.

Jeff Fox

Skunks Work

When I first saw this photo of Jay Daley, I had to ask him if this was an inflatable fish from the toy store. “No” he said, “this is just a big fat male Steelhead.” Jay used a spey rod to get his fly to the fish and will be glad to help you learn how to use one of these two handed wonders. All you have to do is ask.

This club doesn’t fool around when it comes to taking their fishing seriously. If you would like to learn how to catch fish like the one Jay is holding, sign up for the Steelhead Tactics Seminar to be held on February 20 at Schroeder Park in Grants Pass.

Why is someone else always holding the fish of your dreams? There is no reason what so ever that you could not be holding a fish like this in the fall. It’s up to you. Get involved with this new Seminar/Outing schedule Jeff Fox has put together. Make a point this year to take advantage of the talent that is at your disposal in Southern Oregon Fly Fishers.
Fly Tying Corner

The Spade

Hook: Mustad 36890 #6, 2X long or equiv.
Thread: 6/0 Red.
Tails: Fine Deer Body Hair.
Abdomen: 5 or more Peacock Herl, twisted with fine oval Silver Tinsel.
Thorax: 5 or more Black Ostrich Herl, twisted with fine oval Silver Tinsel.

Tying Instructions:

The fly pictured here was tied leaving room at the hook eye for the use of a riffling hitch. For a normal tie, start thread near the head leaving room for a hackle and head only. Wrap the thread back to the midpoint between the barb and hook point. This may vary depending on hook size. Tie in the tail and oval silver tinsel along with 5 to 7 Peacock herl. Twist the herl and oval tinsel together forming a rope then wrap forward to the middle of the hook and tie off. Tie in the oval silver tinsel and 5 to 7 Ostrich herl and again twist into a rope. Wrap it forward to the starting point and tie off. Tie in the grizzly hen hackle and wrap it to achieve desired look, 3 or 4 turns. I find that if you fold the hackle to the left side of the quill before, and as you wrap it produces a better looking hackle. Tie it down and add a small head. Whip finish and apply head cement.

This is a good fly to compliment your other steelhead flies. I have read this fly fishes best on the swing. Good fishing.

Fly tied by John Storfold

Thanks John for your fly submission, and the photo for the newsletter. This is an Alec Jackson pattern and proven to be an excellent fly for steelhead. For a bit of its history check the March 2004 edition of SOFF News.

Continued on Pg. 7

Bob Roberts Fly Tying Chair Ph. 476-6088 E-mail: flyfisher@rvi.net

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Renewal: __ New: __
Fly Shops throughout the West are learning a new name in lake fishing flies: The Super Fly, part Damsel, part Scud, part Leech, and all attitude, the Super Fly is quickly becoming one of the most acclaimed still water patterns in our region. In burgundy, black or olive, un-weighted or with a bead head, the Super Fly can be fished on the strip with a sinking line, or twitched over the weed beds under an indicator. The next time you find the damsels active on your favorite still water fishery, give the Super Fly a try.

**Hook:** TMC 3761 Sizes 8 – 16 (or any 1XL or 2X heavy hook)

**Thread:** 8/0 Unithread (Color to match body)

**Dubbing:** Antron (burgundy, black, olive or brown)

**Shellback:** Z-lon (light)

**Tail:** Marabou (color to match body)

**Hackle:** Partridge, split
The Travelling Sedge

Our August outing will be taking us to the high lakes of the Cascades. With this year’s unusual weather patterns it is difficult to predict what we will encounter in the way of insect hatches. Several years back I was introduced to the tied down caddis which can be used with great success to imitate the travelling sedge common to lake Hosmer and other area lakes.

There are several ways to tie this fly, and all will work, but the following may be the easiest. Begin by tying in the thread and wrapping it to the rear leaving a long 6 to 8 in. tag. This tag will be used later to tie down the tail portion. Next tie in the hackle and then the body material. Wrap the body material forward to the head and then palmer the hackle over the body. The hackle is usually tied back wet style. Now either clip the hackle fibers flat on top or flatten them with your thumb. Select a clump of deer hair long enough to form the tail, shell back & head, clean out the under fur and stack it. Now place it on top with enough extending to the rear for the tail and tie it in at the head. Clip the head Troth style and pull the hair back over the top. Using the tag, tie down the shell back and whip finish to complete the fly. I like to coat the back with Dave’s Flexament to produce a more durable body.

About the traveling sedge, which is not to be confused with Rusty in route to work, but rather a large caddis that does not take flight immediately upon hatching as most caddis do. It motors about on the waters surface like a miniature speedboat that is out of control.

When these caddis are present the Atlantic salmon find them easy pickings and will cruise around in groups dining at their leisure. Tie some up and take them along just in case you encounter a hatch, you’ll be glad you did.

Another fly for Hosmer, that is not often mentioned, is the venerable Mickey Finn. Fish it on a slime line and or other sinking line and strip it in as fast as you can. You cannot strip it too fast, even with a two handed strip, the Atlantics will catch it and eat it!

In last month’s tier’s corner we ran a little test and only club member, Larry Gaffney, passed. We intentionally (not really) left out the body material for Polly’s Big Yellow May and Larry was the only that asked what it was. For all of you that flunked, it is yellow wool.

If anyone has a favorite fly pattern that you would like to have included in the tier’s corner please let me know what it is. You can call, write or catch me at a meeting. My phone number is 479-8026. I’m always looking for new patterns or variations that we can use.

John Edwards
April-Fly of the Month

Tip-dyed Rabbit Prawn

Hook: Alec Jackson Spey size 1.5-3
Thread: 6/0 orange
Antennae: A few strands of orange Polar Bear or substitute with two strands hot orange Krystal Flash.
Head-Rostrum: A tuft of orange tip-dyed rabbit fur topped with a red orange golden pheasant breast feather.
Eyes: Heavy mono heated to form a ball, then painted black. The eyes should be done ahead of time.
Body: Tip-dyed orange cross-cut rabbit topped with golden pheasant breast feathers.

Directions

Tie in a few long strands of orange polar bear along with two strands of hot orange Krystal Flash. Tie on a small tuft of orange tip-dyed rabbit fur then tip it with a Golden Pheasant breast feather. Tie on the mono eyes, one on each side. Tie on a strip of tip-dyed, cross cut rabbit with the tips facing to the rear. Make two turns of the rabbit, one turn in front of the other. Stop and tie on a Golden Pheasant breast feather on the top. Repeat this process until you reach the eye of the hook. The longer the hook shank the more you will repeat the process. Other colors such as, hot pink, purple or black can be used.

March 20th: Fly Tying Exposition

Many of our members were invited this year to take part in the OCFFF Fly Tying Exposition at the Eugene Fairgrounds. Over 150 top rated tiers participated in the event all day Saturday, March 20th. To be included in the event an individual must be recommended to the council by others who have taken part themselves. If you did not attend you missed out on a very informative and enjoyable time. Don’t miss it next year! Those that tied were: Alec Jackson, John Shewey, Steve Godshall, Johnny Hale, Carey Williams, Al Brunell, Rusty Randall, John Edwards, Morris Fruitman, Joe Holzen, Ed Morphis and Marlon Rampy. (See photos on page 3)

John Edwards, Tier

Bob Roberts, Fly Tying Chair

Complete and return to: Nancy Fruitman, Membership Chair with cash or check.

Membership Form

- Regular: $25.00
- Family: $35.00
- Youth: $5.00
- Contributing: $50.00
- Lifetime (Individual): $250.00
- Lifetime (Couple): $350.00

Name(s): __________________________
Address: ----------------------------------------------------------------------
City: ___________________ State: _______ Zip: _______________
Phone: Home ( _______ ) Work: ( _______ )
Email: __________________________
Personal interests: __________________________

Renewal: ___ New: _____
FLY TYING CORNER

Tom Thumb

Hook: Dry Fly Hook - TMC 100, Mustad 94840 or DaiRiki 300.
Thread: 8/0 Tan.
Body: Dry Fly Dubbing - Fine-N-Dry or Equivalent.
Tail: Deer or Elk Hair.
Wing: Deer or Elk Hair.

Tying Instructions:

After putting on a thread base, clean out and stack a bunch of elk hair about half the size of a pencil to even the tips. Make the tail about a shank length long. Attach the bunch of hair about halfway on the shank, using several loose wraps, then pull up on the tying thread to start tightening it. Then spiral the thread wraps back toward the bend of the hook, making the last wraps looser so that the tail does not flare. Work the thread back toward the eye, lashing down the deer hair.

Take a bigger bunch of deer hair and clean and stack it. Attach it so that the tips will be a half shank length longer than the tips of the tail. Attach it to the shank just in front of the first hair in the same way, with several loose wraps first, then pulling up on the thread as you start tighter wraps. Spiral wraps rearward as you hold up on the bunch of hair. This keeps the hair up over the top half of the hook shank. Then lash the hair down evenly all along the shank, making a tight, smooth base for the dubbing.

With the thread at the bend, dub the thread and wrap it forward to just behind the eye. Then gather all the fibers of the longer deer hair together and pull them forward up over the top of the shank. Moistening the fingers will help. Let any shorter tail fibers fall back away from the clump. Try to keep these hairs up so that they cover only the top half of the body.

Tie down the tips of the hair you have pulled forward just behind the eye. Hold up on the tips as you wrap tighter. Then bring the thread in front of the hair and wrap a thread dam just in front of the hair so that it sticks up and a bit forward. Tie a smooth head and whip finish and cement the head. The deer hair should be slightly flared and out over the eye.

Continued on Page 5

John Storfold  Fly Tying Chair  541-660-6584  steelyjon@q.com

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Phone: Home (   ) __________ Work: (   ) __________
Email: __________________________________________
Personal interests:____________________________________

Renewal:_____ New:______
OUTINGS AND WORKSHOPS

New Year’s Day Chili Feed

The Southern Oregon Fly Fishers will join the Rogue Flyfishers to celebrate the New Year with a chili feed at the Holy Water, as we have been doing for over 20 years now. We will meet on New Year’s Day at the picnic shelter near the parking lot on the south side of the Holy Water. The fire should be going by 10 AM, and the chili will be served about noon. There will be opportunities to fish both before and after we eat.

We need volunteers to bring pots of chili. To make things a little more interesting, and to encourage more people to bring chili, the Rogue Flyfishers will again award a small prize to the person the group decides made the best pot of chili. We also need a person or two to bring fire wood. Others can help out by bringing cornbread, salads, desserts, or other items to share. The clubs will provide hot drinks and table service.

The Holy Water has been producing some large fish again this year. During the winter, drifting midge patterns under an indicator is normally a productive technique. Stripping or drifting small marabou leeches, woolly buggers, or nymphs along the bottom can also be productive. If the weather and flows cooperate, we could have a blue-winged olive or midge hatch. If you are going to fish, remember to get your 2016 fishing license.

The Holy Water Chili Feed is a fun way to celebrate New Year’s Day, and there is no better way to get a new year off to a good start then by going fishing. Bring a pot of your favorite chili, and you could take home the top honors from the chili contest.

David Haight, Outings Chair

Can You Help

Fred Meyer is donating $2.5 million per year to non-profits in Alaska, Idaho, Oregon and Washington, based on where their customers tell them to give. Here’s how the program works:

- Sign up for the Community Rewards program by linking your Fred Meyer Rewards Card to Southern Oregon Fly Fishers at www.fredmeyer.com/communityrewards.

- You can search for us by our name or by our non-profit number 90061.

- Then, every time you shop and use your Rewards Card, you are helping The Southern Oregon Fly Fishers earn a donation!

- You still earn your Rewards Points, Fuel Points, and Rebates, just as you do today.

- If you do not have a Rewards Card, they are available at the Customer Service desk of any Fred Meyer store.

- For more information, please visit www.fredmeyer.com/communityrewards.

Tom Thumb Continued From Pg. 6

This fly is an old favorite in British Columbia and Alberta, where it originated. It imitates a caddis adult, or a large mayfly. It really floats well with a good dose of floatant applied to the tail, body and wing. It can be skated along the surface, presented with a drag-free float or even stripped back just under the surface. It is similar to a Humpy or Ed Morphis’ Foampy. The body dubbing can be tan, brown, yellow, orange or even red.

Fly Tied By Dave Grosjacques
The trico hatch has been dubbed the “white curse” in some circles. More often fished in the spinner, or mating, form, which is depicted above, when the hatch is on millions of the tiny white winged mayflies fill the air. Silver Creek in southern Idaho hosts a most famous trico hatch which brings fisher folks from worldwide. Late arriving fishermen see the early risers camped next to their chosen beats, sipping coffee till the action begins. On those sunny still mornings, the spectacle begins with a few white winged bugs flitting high in the air. The scene progresses to huge white clouds of the insects up and down the creek. The experienced fishermen patiently wait till the clouds slowly descend to the surface in a silent orgy. When the currents are awash in the dying bugs the trout pod up and slurp the feast. Trout drunkenness seemingly prevails yet they remain most selective.

Dick Adams

This month’s fly is the Trico. We're more interested in the male which is usually black with a white wing. The female is usually white bodied with a black thorax.

Carey Williams
FLY TYING CORNER

Tungsten Salvation Green

Hook: Dai-Riki #135, Scud Hook Size, 6, 8 or 10.
Bead: Tungsten or Gold 3/16’’ or 4mm (For #6 Hook).
Thread: Black.
Tail: Pheasant Tail.
Rib: Wine Colored Ultra Wire.
Rear Body: Bright Green or Sparkle Green Dubbing, with 1/8’’ Clear Plastic Strip Over Pheasant Tail.
Thorax: Dark Peacock Dubbing.
Wing Case: Strip of Large Flashabou over a 1/8’’ Strip of Black Bod-Stretch or Scudback

Tying Instructions:

Start by putting on the bead. I tie on a short piece of fly line backing and do 4 tight wraps up into and under the bead to help secure it and build up some bulk. Then trim the backing and wrap back to the halfway point of the short shank and mark it with some extra thread wraps.

Wrap a thread base back around the bend of the scud hook to where the thread is at a point where the shank is almost at 90 degrees from the top of the hook. Tie in the wire rib and take it back to the end of the thread, then lay it back out of the way. Use the bright green dubbing to dub the rear half only, putting one wrap of dubbing behind the wire before starting forward and ending at the halfway point.

Tie in 7 or 8 strands of pheasant at the halfway point for the tail, making sure they are long enough to go around over the shank and down so that they will extend beyond the rear end of the dubbing by a distance equal to the hook gap. Tie the 1/8’’ clear plastic strip over the pheasant tail at the halfway point, making sure that it centers right over the pheasant.

Pull down the pheasant tail and the clear strip right over the top center of the dubbing and counter-wrap the wire over them tightly. Wrap forward with evenly spaced wraps of the wire and tie off at the halfway point. Clip off the excess part of the clear strip just behind the last wire wrap.

Tie in one wide strand of Flashabou at the halfway point so that it lays back centered over the rear half of the fly. Next tie in a strip of Bod-Stretch and center it and lay it back the same way.

Continued on Page 7

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Personal interests: ________________________________
Renewal: _____ New: _____
Editor’s Notes Cont. from Pg. 8

trying, along with some adult words and phrases and the generous usage of some adult beverages, used to soothe my troubled soul, the job was done. Unfortunately, a few programs due to their age could not be transferred over, so I had to part company with them, but will remain ever vigil to one day find a replacement for them.

Now the programs are all in, but what about my data, pictures and other files. Just thinking about it hurt my head; it had to be done. By some stroke of good fortune, I had heard of a thing called a transfer cable. This is a special cable that you plug into the old computer and into the new one and the data transfers. At this point with the previous problems, one might call me cynical, but I purchased the cable, installed it on both machines and after two hours of running all my data, pictures, settings and other files had migrated perfectly from the old machine to the new one.

Well it is done. I can now sit back and chuckle at all of the problems I had and realize that they weren’t quite as serious as I initially thought. I only wish that I had known that then.

So as I end my piece I’ll leave you with these thoughts – make sure you always keep the original copies of your programs in a safe place. If you ever download programs over the internet, always request a hard copy. Always make sure you write down and store any serial numbers that come with your programs. And finally buy a transfer cable for your data. Do all these things and adding a new computer will be a piece of cake.

And now onto other things. Kelly Galloup will be presenting an interesting show at the next club meeting. His program “Streamer Tactics for Trophy Trout” is understood to be an outstanding program, one that delves into an area that is probably under used by the average fly fisher.

Most fly fishers have heard that fishing with streamers can catch not only a lot of fish, but also really big ones in whatever stream or river or lake you are on. We probably all use streamers of one type or another that generally range in size from two to three inches particularly when we fish still waters, but are we doing it correctly?

Galloup will show us how to best use streamers wherever we want. He’ll show us in-depth and systematic approaches for this very effective means of fly fishing in a wide variety of situations. We’ll learn how to read the water, how to select the best colors and types of flies, the best line retrieves and wading versus drift boat tactics. After you have seen his program, streamer fishing will no longer be hard to understand, or complicated, or only for occasions when you can’t figure out anything else to throw at the fish.

One thing I want to know for sure is how you throw a fly that’s 6-7 inches or longer without ending up wearing one or more of its hooks? I’ll look forward to that answer!

Tungsten Salvation Cont. From Pg. 6

Dub the thorax with dark peacock so that it is thicker than the back half of the fly, going all the way up to the bead, then coming back halfway on the thorax with the thread. Make a few wraps through the dubbing at this point for a base for the legs.

Tie in the legs, one pair on each side of the thorax. Dub over the tie-in point for the legs and back up to the bead. Pull the Flashabou and Bodi-Stretch over the top of the thorax tightly and tie down just behind the bead. Whip finish and cement the head. A layer of Hard-As-Nails or Loon UV Knot Sense glue over the top of the thorax will make the fly more durable.

This is a new fly from the Rogue Fly Shop. I plan to use it nymphing, or swinging it as a dropper to a heavy stonefly nymph or weighted rubber legs fly. It can also be tied in dark brown, with a bit of sparkle mixed into the dubbing.

Fly Tied By Dave Grosjacques

By Laws Cont. From Page 5

ARTICLE VII
Amendments

These By-Laws may be amended by a two-thirds vote of the members present at a general meeting. Before any amendments shall be considered it must be presented at the general meeting of the club, prior to being voted upon, or said amendment must be published in the Club bulletin and distributed prior to the meeting said amendment is voted upon.
FLY TYING CORNER

Turk's Tarantula

HOOK: 14-4, dry fly 3X LONG
THREAD: Black or other to match your material
TAIL: Amherst Pheasant Tippet
BODY: Green Antron (color can be varied according to your imagination; green, orange and yellow are the most popular)
WING: White Calf Tail, and Crystal Flash
COLLAR: Natural Deer Hair
LEGS: White rubber
HEAD: Elk hair

Tying Instructions:

Start the thread at 1/3 of the shank behind the eye. Take a clump of Amherst tippet, long enough to extend from the eye to beyond the hook a distance equal to the gap. Start tying in at the 1/3 point on the hook and wrap back to the bend, then fold the excess stem in front back on the thread and wrap it down, trapping the material on the hook. (This adds taper to the body).

Tie in the green Antron at the 1/3 point of the hook and wrap it back to the tie-in point of the tail, then forward to the 1/3 point and tie off.

For the wing, tie in a clump of white calf tail about match stick size just in front of the Antron making a wing going back just short of the end of the tail and just beyond the end of the hook. Tie in two strands of crystal flash, one on each side and the same length as the calf tail wing.

Now, just in front of the tie-in point of the calf tail, tie in a collar of about 1/2 a pencil width clump of deer hair about 3/4" long. Using a hair stuffer, stack the hair with the tips down. Placing the tips of the deer hair toward the back of the hook, leave about 3/16ths inch amount material in front of the thread, make one loose wrap then pull up trapping the deer hair on the top, allowing it to flare but not spin. The tips of deer hair should be about mid-length of the wing.

Now tie in about 2" rubber legs, centered at the 1/3 shank point the same point the collar is tied in.

In front of the legs and the wing, tie in a 1/4" length and pencil width clump of elk hair. Hold the hair at an angle and wrap with two loose wraps, then tighten, spinning the elk hair. Finish with about three or four half hitches (You may whip finish Continued on Pg. 7

John Storfold  Fly Tying Chair  Ph. 660-6584  E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

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Phone: Home (______) Work: (______)_____
Email: ________________________________
Personal interests: ______________________
Renewal:_____ New:_____

Please make checks payable to: SOFF and mail to: PO Box 1144, Grants Pass, Oregon 97528
COMING EVENTS

2-5 Board Meeting
2-10 SOFT Fly Tyers, Madrone Mobile Home Park in Gold Hill.
2-19 Club Meeting - Lani Waller
2-21 Club Outing - Cow Creek Steelhead.
3-5 Board Meeting.
3-10 SOFT Fly Tyers, Madrone Mobile Home Park in Gold Hill.
3-13/14 OCFFF Fly Tyer Expo

Editor's Notebook Cont. from Pg. 8

Reservations and only 65 for dinner which resulted in the club having to pay for ten extra dinners based on the number of reservations. At $22.00 each, that's $220 we had to pay. If you make a reservation, but circumstances prevent you from attending, please either call Wynnis or email her and cancel your reservation.

Also speaking of the Lodge, Wynnis wanted to thank the membership on behalf of the wait staff for the thank you check the club gives each year to them for the many services rendered that goes over and above the monthly gratuity.

Well that's about all for this month as the 'cold' induced brain fade has taken its toll. I guess two fingers of an adult beverage is now in order. It will either cure me or put me into a state where I won't give a damn.

Photo Potpourri

You never know what will take a fly as Rich Hosley found out on the Aqua Boa.

Hatchery Fish and Stream Nutrient Enrichment
by Redge Heth

In some tributaries of the Rogue, spawning salmon still contribute vital nutrients to their progeny by means of the decay of their carcasses after spawning. Where wild coho return in very low numbers, carcasses of hatchery coho are placed annually to provide a nutrient base for the offspring of any returning spawners.

When not enough salmon enter a stream to spawn and then to die which provides the nutrients for the next generation, man assists the process by tossing out salmon carcasses.

While for ten years the average annual return of coho to the Cole Rivers hatchery has been 7,300 fish, this year only 254 coho returned. Of those, 178 were placed in Taylor Creek by SOFF volunteers. On January 14, Bill Archuleta, Dave Grosjacques, Rudge Heth, Ruth and Robert Hodge, Teresa Kasza and Sonia Nisson lightened their task with an abundance of comradeship and laughter. The "fish toss" is an annual event for SOFF volunteers.

Jay Doino, coordinator of the program, explains that a number of carcasses are requested by ODFW and limited by DEQ to a maximum of 2500 pounds per stream mile to protect water quality. Doino selects streams based on guidelines which call for use of coho carcasses only. They are placed in streams where coho historically spawned, and which have promise for run enhancement and restoration. He does not use early run coho which are suitable for human consumption. This year no fish went to food banks, nor to Elk Creek.

2009 DUES

February is the last month to get your dues for 2009 paid and mailed. The membership directory will be going to print in March, and I will need to call all of those whose dues are still unpaid at that date so as not to remove them from the club membership against their wishes. With 326 members the less phone calls I have to make the better. I appreciate your help. Thank you.

Rich Hosley, Membership Chairman

Turk's Turantula Cont. From Pg. 6

if you wish but half hitches with a half hitch tool work well getting under the spun hair. Trim flat on the bottom and rounded on the top to form the head being careful not to cut the legs. Use head cement to finish.

Fly Tied By Kevin Daniels

We thank Kevin Daniels for this very nice fly and a very versatile fish catcher. This is the same fly you may have seen him tie at the December Dinner. If you have any further questions about this fly, Kevin said, feel free to give him a call...
FLY TYING CORNER

UV2 Steelhead Fly

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hook:</th>
<th>Daiichi Alec Jackson Spey Size 5 or 7.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thread:</td>
<td>Orange.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tail:</td>
<td>Spirit River UV2 Orange Saddle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tag:</td>
<td>Gold Tinsel or Holo Tinsel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rib:</td>
<td>Medium Gold Tinsel or Holo Tinsel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Body:</td>
<td>Spirit River UV2 Florescent Orange Diamond Brite.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hackle:</td>
<td>Spirit River UV2 Saddle in Florescent Orange and Florescent Pink.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under Wing:</td>
<td>Hareline Dubbin Pearl Krystal Flash</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wing:</td>
<td>Spirit River UV2 White Bucktail.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tying Instructions:

1. After laying a smooth thread base, tie in a tag of 6-8 turns of holo tinsel.
2. Tie in a tail of 12-15 barbules of orange saddle. Tail length should be about 1 hook gap. Wrap 1-2 turns of thread under tail to angle it up a bit.
3. Tie in rib, leaving a small gap between front of tail and rib on near side of hook.
4. Dub about 4 inches of Diamond Brite onto thread, then use a dubbing spinner and make a dubbing loop. Wrap thread forward to eye. Twist spinner to make a dubbing noodle. Put one wrap between rib and tail. Wrap forward forming a smooth body. Tie off.
5. Counter-wrap the rib forward, making 4 even wraps. Tie off and trim.
6. After picking out the body with a teaser, tie in 3-4 strands of Krystal Flash for an underwing. Trim ends so they are not even and about the length of body.
7. Pick out two saddle hackles that are about the same size. Tie on the orange one first, by the tip, folding the barbules back. Tie the pink one next, folding barbs back, then wrap it forward, leaving small gaps. Do only 3 or 4 wraps. Tie off and trim. Wrap the orange one next, folding back the barbs as you go and filling in the gaps. Then take your thumb and work the barbs on top of the hook to either side a bit. Hackle fibers should be angled back along the body.
8. Stack a small clump of bucktail, then trim and measure so that tips are just longer than the body but shorter than

Continued on Page 5

John Storfold             Fly Tying Chair           Ph. 660-6584            E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

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Renewal:_____ New:______
OUTINGS AND WORKSHOPS

Galesville Outing - March 1

The SOFF outing for February is going to be held on March 1st and we can call it the Leap Year Outing. We will be fishing for trout at Galesville Reservoir, which is about a 30-minute drive north of Grants Pass along I-5. We will meet in the parking lot at the main boat ramp at Chief Miwaleta Park at 9 AM.

Dave Grosjacques will lead the outing, with a short talk at the start about how and why the dam and reservoir were built, some alternative sites, and an overview of the fishery. We will be fishing for holdover rainbow from last spring, and for trout-sized coho that are also found in the lake.

Bank fishing is available in several spots, but fishing from a lake or drift boat, float tube or pontoon is best. The lake has an excellent dock, and there are rest rooms and picnic tables available.

Any trout rod will work fine here, club members who fish Galesville use mostly three to five-weight rods with intermediate sink fly line. There will not be much going on the surface, best flies will be wooly buggers and nymphs from size 8 down to size 14. There are rumors of a secret lake map. Members must be present to receive one of these maps, and promise to memorize it and destroy it later!

Directions: Take I-5 north from Grants Pass, past the Glendale and Quines Creek exits. Get off the freeway at the Azalea exit and drive east on Cow Creek road 6 miles until you see the signs for Miwaleta Park. Drive all the way down into the main parking lot above the boat ramp. We meet at 9 AM in the parking lot.

The 2014 Outing Schedule is Out

The Southern Oregon Fly Fishers have already enjoyed a couple of good outings so far this year: attendance was up and there was a great selection of chili at the annual Holy Water Chili Feed; and several club members enjoyed a beautiful weekend exploring the South Fork of the Coquille River in search of winter steelhead. We have a lot of great outings planned for the rest of the year. We will return to many of our favorite places, but we will also go to some new places or places that we haven’t been to, as a club, for quite a while. For example, Dave Grosjacques will lead an outing to Galesville Reservoir on March 1(for details, see Dave’s article elsewhere in this newsletter), and we will return to the Umpqua River to fish for smallmouth bass.

Several club members have asked about fishing for searun cutthroat trout, so in September, I will lead a coastal cutthroat outing.

For those that look forward to some of our standard outings, we will return to the Applegate and Rogue Rivers to fish for steelhead, the Copelands have invited us back to their pond, people already are making reservations for the Cascades Lakes outing, and Russ Leavitt has made arrangements for us to return to Pronghorn Lake.

If you haven’t attended any outings in the past, why not give one a try? They can be a good way to learn about a new place to fish, and provide a great opportunity to get to know your fellow club members a lot better.

David Haight, Outings Chair

UV2 Steelhead Fly Cont. from Pg 6

The tail. Tie on near the eye with two loose wraps, then several tight wraps. Put a drop of Superglue over the tie-in spot and let it dry.
9. Finish the head with smooth wraps, whip finish and cement head.

Comments: This fly came from the vise of John Matthews, who ties for Spirit River and does demonstrations for SOFT. A version of it was responsible for a nine pound steelhead caught by Kevin O’Malley last winter at Jay’s Delight, and a 13 pounder caught by Dave Grosjacques at Redge’s Drift, both on lower Cow Creek.

We want to thank Dave for a great fly. Tight lines

Fly Tied By Dave Grosjacques

2014 Outings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mar. 1</td>
<td>Galesville Reservoir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mar. 22</td>
<td>Applegate Steelhead</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apr. 19</td>
<td>Copeland’s Pond</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apr. 26-28</td>
<td>Pronghorn Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jun. 5</td>
<td>Holy Water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jun. 26-29</td>
<td>Cascade Lakes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jul. 26</td>
<td>Umpqua Small Bass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aug. 23</td>
<td>Klamath Basin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sep. 27</td>
<td>Coastal Cutthroat</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Van Luven

The Van Luven fly developed out of an attempt to improve on the durability of the Royal Coachman wet fly. The peacock her used in the body construction is not durable and was eliminated entirely by Harry Van Luven in the 1920's while summering at his cabin on the Rogue River near Ennis Riffle. The wing was constructed from goose feathers and separated easily with use, so bucktail was substituted. Later, “Polly” Rosborough changed the fly again from red floss to fluorescent yarn and tail. Nearly eighty years after its development the Van Luven is still effective on summer steelhead.

Ray Slusser

Tail: Red   Body: Red Yarn   Wing: White Bucktail
Collar: Brown Hackle   Rib: Flat Silver Tinsel

Rogue River Fly Patterns: Something Old - Something New

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rogue Mosquito</th>
<th>Rogue River Fly</th>
<th>Rogue River Silver</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sizes: 8-14 3x fine (dry)</td>
<td>Size: 10 3x fine (dry)</td>
<td>Size: 8 double hook (wet)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tail: Lemon side feathers of wood duck, or imitation 10-15 fibers</td>
<td>Tail: True orange hackle fibers, 8-10</td>
<td>Tail: Red hackle fibers 8-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Body: Golden brown floss, thin.</td>
<td>Body: Rear 1/2, med. yellow floss,</td>
<td>Butt: Black chenile, medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ribbing: Black tying thread, 4 turns</td>
<td>Ribbing: Black tying thread, 4 turns</td>
<td>Body: Weighted slightly, medium silver rope</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wings: 2 barred hackle tips, upright and divided</td>
<td>Wings: Orange hackle fibers with white hackle fibers in front. Both in bunch in front as wing.</td>
<td>Wing: White bucktail, semi-spent, divided.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hackle: 1 barred, 1 brown hackle, tied dry, turns in front and in back of wings</td>
<td>Hackle: Brown hackle, tied dry, 5 turns</td>
<td>Cheeks: Jungle cock (optional)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Eye: Painted white eye on black tying thread</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
FLY TYING CORNER

Vernille Caddis

Hook: #14, 16 or 18 Standard or Egg.
Abdomen: Tan or Brown Ultra-Chenille.
Wing: Fox Squirrel Tail or Wing Material.
Hackle: Brown, Ginger, Badgerf, Variant.

I have never liked tying caddis flies. I always had trouble with the most popular Elk Hair Caddis. It floats well, but might be on its nose, side, tail, or if trimmed well, in an upright attitude. There are ways of tying it that are better than others, but none, I think, good, especially on smaller hooks. And where I fish most, there are millions of micro caddis.

The Henryville Special/Hemmingway is pretty good for larger sizes if you use artificial wings. The Goddard Caddis is pretty effective, durable and floats well, but you have to enjoy stacking and trimming hair to tie it. I pretty much stopped tying caddis.

Then, Bob Roberts showed me an Vernille caddis pattern that is easy to tie, and floats with a very natural look. He heated the cut end of the Vernille just enough to round it off and seal it, then cut a small section, tied it on at mid-shank on a size 16 hook. Next, he tied on a clump of elk hair to simulate wings, and finally, hackle and head.

I used fox squirrel tail for the elk hair, to eliminate the flare, so the wing lies flat. I also find that the artificial winging material sheets work well. The caddis I commonly see on the stream range from light tan to dark brown, so materials should be adjusted to match the hatch. They also vary in size from one inch to almost gnat size. You may notice antennae in the photo. That is because I simply tie down a couple of hackle barbs on top of the head. That’s easy to do anyway. I had great success with this last summer, even when I used no Vernille, only squirrel tail and hackle.

“TIE IT, YOU’LL LIKE IT!”

Fly Tied By: Ed Morphis

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair Ph. 660-6584 E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

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Personal interests: __________________________
Renewal: _____ New: _______
Volcano Popsicle by John Graves

Hook: Mustad Steelhead Size 2-8.
Thread: Orange.
Tail: Flashabou Silver or Your Choice and Orange Marabou.
Back Body: Orange Chenille 3-4 Turns for the Front Half.
Back Hackle: Orange Marabou 3-4 Turns.
Front Body: Orange Chenille 3-4 Turns.
Front Hackle: Red Marabou 3 Turns.
Wing: Pheasant Rump Red (Note: Pick Out a Feather that will go Back About Half Way Over the Marabou).

Tying Instructions:

Above the barb, Tie in Flashabou.
Add in marabou Tail The Flashabou should extend about a hook shank length behind the bend of the hook and be a little longer than the Marabou tail.
Then tie in orange chenille starting between the barb and the point of the hook. Make 3 turns, wrapping forward, and tie off and cut.
Just in front of the chenille, tie in the marabou and make 3 turns wrapping forward (note: as you are wrapping marabou stroking the feather back in front of each wrap will help ).
Tie in another piece of orange chenille and make 3-4 turns and cut.
Tie in some Red Marabou and make 3 turns and tie off.
Lay Pheasant Rump Flat over the top and tie in.
Whip finish and head cement is up to the tier.

We want to thank John Graves for a great fly especially during the steelhead season.

Fly Tied By: John Graves

John Storfold Fly Tying Chair Ph. 660-6584 E-mail: steelyjon@q.com
FLY TYING CORNER

Waterwalker Fall Caddis

Hook: Size 8 standard wire 2X hook (TMC 5262, Dai Riki 730, Mustad 9671)

Thread: 3/0 Hot Orange monocord (or similar)

Wings: Elk or Moose Mane

Tail and Shellback: Long Elk or Moose Mane

Body: 1-2mm thick, 3-4mm wide Orange foam strip, over 4” long

Hackle: Oversized (size 2 OR 4) Brown or Furnace DRY Quality Hackles.

(You may have to look through the lower portion of your capes or saddles for large enough hackles. THEY MUST HAVE STIFF BARBS AND SUPPLE STEMS.)

Tying Instructions:

Select Elk or Moose Mane 3 1/2 inches or longer. Clip a patch about the diameter of a pencil (1/4 in) diameter. Comb out underfur and discard. Pinch only the longest tips between index and thumb of one hand, hold the butts in the other hand and pull the longest hair away from the shorter. There should be much more short hair than long. (note: using 2 hair stackers will help tie this fly).

If 2 stackers are used insert one bunch in each. If only 1 stacker is available stack the shorter hair first and hold the long hair together with a clip until it is needed, but do not bend or crimp.

Stack each bunch separately. The shorter hair will become the wings and the longest will be the tail and shellback.

Place hook in vise and attach thread at eye and wind back 11 to 12 turns.

Tie on wing hair (shorter) and wind back over the butts about 1/2 the distance to the tailset position above the barb. Wings should be 1 1/2 x shank length. Trim the butts at an angle tapering toward the rear of the fly. Cement the angled butts and wind down with thread. Do not stand the wings up like normal dry fly wings. (the two wings will be directly opposite each other on the side of the fly)

Post the base of each wing with several wraps like parachute wings. Wrap the thread back to just behind the wings.

Stack and even the longer hair. Tie in just behind the wings. Tailing hair butts will extend between the wings over the hook eye. Do not trim! Wind thread back over tail hair to tailset position directly over the barb. Tail should be 2x hook gape long.

John Storfold  Fly Tying Chair  Ph. 660-6584  E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

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Address: ____________________________________________
City: __________________ State: ________ Zip: ________
Phone: Home ( ) Work: ( )
Email: ____________________________________________
Personal interests: __________________________________

Renewal: ___ New: ___
**COMING EVENTS**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11-6</td>
<td>Board Meeting</td>
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<tr>
<td>11-18</td>
<td>SOFT Fly Tyers, Madrone Mobile Home Park in Gold Hill.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11-20</td>
<td>Club Meeting with Dec Hogan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11-21</td>
<td>Spey Clinic with Dec Hogan and Gary Anderson (Clinic is ‘sold out’).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-4</td>
<td>Board Meeting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-18</td>
<td>Club Meeting with Michael Caranci - No. California Trout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-1</td>
<td>Chili Feed - Holy Water.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**Waterwalker Caddis Cont. from Pg. 6**

Stroke and pull tail hair butts back over the tailset position and secure with 2 firm wraps.

Trim foam strip to a point and tie in at tail. Wrap thread forward to just behind wings.

Wrap foam strip forward to behind wings, tie off and clip.

Stroke and pull tail hair butts forward and tie down behind wings. (This is where the extra long hair length is vital.) Trim butts between wings without cutting wing hairs.

Select two matching Furnace or Brown saddle or neck hackles of equal length and size. Remember that you want OVERSIZED hackle feathers. Size 2 or 4 hackles for a size 8 hook.

Find the spot on the hackle stems where they become supple and strip all the waste from the lower shafts. Match them shiny side to shiny side (curves outward) and tie them in securely just in front of the wings with the stems pointing forward and the plumes extending over the back. Clip stems and leave thread in front of the wings.

Now the fun part.

Wind the far side hackle around the far side wing base like a parachute hackle. (work from the outside in towards the hook shank) Wind as many turns as possible leaving enough to tie off in front of the wing. Clip and repeat with the near side hackle and wing. Tie off, clip and cement.

You are not tying a conventional Catskills style dry fly that depends on mechanical balance between hackle and tail length and hook bend to ride on the surface tension of the water. This fly is intended to be fished on a quartering downstream cast and kept under tension on the line to cause a wake and disturbance on the surface to excite steelhead into action. The longer hackle cause more disturbance and motion.

This fly is a waking/skating fly for Autumn Steelhead. It is not designed to float as a normal dead drifted dry fly does, but to create a surface wake or disturbance when fished Riffle Hitched or Greased Line style.

We want to thank Mark Teeters for an excellent FLY OF THE MONTH.

---

**The Party’s Over Cont. From Pg. 4**

dust settled, the club grossed $23,000 and netted over $19,000. Everyone

Nick Merrill and his wife Jackie Dwyer were both active bidders at the auction and won several items including trips, artwork and a large gift basket as well as several silent auction items.

that attended or donated to the auction needs to give themselves a pat on the back for a job well done, with the realization that the monies raised will allow the club to continue to support a host of activities this coming year that will either enhance fly fishing, the fisheries themselves or to enhance the abilities of the fly fisher. This was a win-win situation for all concerned.

---

**Editor’s Notes Cont. From Pg. 8**

which resulted in repeating many steps over and over again.

Finally, with confidence building in me again, its time to start writing and producing the newsletter. Already problems, there is no way I can copy the old format to the new program directly, rather it involves building the format for the new program piece by piece. Trial and error takes on a new meaning. Put a piece in the new program, screw it up and have to start it all over, but eventually I prevail. The skeleton of the newsletter is sort of finished, now just flesh it out with the usual stories and information and that will be that about that. Sounds good on paper, but when I go to do it, problems continue to plague me, back to the trial and error.

Finally, it is done, and not too bad if I say so myself. Although I have a newsletter, I realize one thing; the newsletter is a work in progress. So expect to see changes until I, with the help of the Almighty, produce a newsletter that I’m totally satisfied with.
Tying Instructions:

Start the thread near the hook eye leaving room to tie in the hackle and bucktail then wrap a thread base back to a point midway between the hook point and barb. Tie in the tail making it about the same length as the body. Tie in the rib then wrap thread back to the starting point. Tie in the underbody and wrap it back to the tail then wrap forward to the tie in point. Lap the underbody material over halfway on each turn, both back and forward. This will produce a nice tapered body. Wrap the thread over the underbody back to the tail. Tie in the Peacock herl, form a dubbing loop and twist it together with the herl. Wrap them forward pulling the herl back on each turn and tie off at the starting point. Counterwrap the oval gold tinsel forward and secure it. Tie in the hackle and wrap four or five turns. Tie in the bucktail and form a tapered head, as shown and whip finish.

Fly tied by Bob Roberts

The Western Coachman is one of the flies that will work well in September and early October, pre-salmon spawn. I would suggest using it the upper Rogue for the summer steelhead run.

Again, there were no submissions of flies from our tier’s for the October newsletter. Are you on strike people? What does it take?

Thanks to all our fly tiers for your donation to the October auction. They definitely added to the success of another great SOFF fund raising event. Also, we owe a debt of gratitude to Rich Hosley for his excellent job as auction chair. He is to be commended for his dedication to the time and effort required in putting it all together. I offer my personal thanks to him for a job well done. Kudos to you, Rich!

Bob Roberts Fly Tying Chair Ph. 476-6088 E-mail: flyfisher@rvi.net

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Membership Form</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>Lifetime (Couple) ..................... $350.00</td>
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Name(s): ____________________________
Address: ____________________________
City: __________ State: __________ Zip: __________
Phone: Home ( ) Work: ( )
Email: ____________________________
Personal interests: ____________________________

Renewal: __________ New: __________
Western Coachman

Since the days of Issak Walton, fly tiers have not been able to leave standard fly patterns unaltered and in their original form. Other than the hair wing and the color of the fly, this fly is almost identical to the original by Tom Bosworth. Mr. Bosworth was the coachman for the Royal Family of Britain during most of the nineteenth century, and the person for whom the fly was named.

I came across this pattern one night talking to Don Carr. He told me about a pattern that he used on the lower Rogue and I went home and tied this pattern without knowing what it was. The next day I fished with Mike Trask and this pattern proved to be extremely productive. We hooked six adult steelhead and thirty-five half pounders. I did some research and found it was one of thirty-one Coachman patterns. I don’t think you will regret having this pattern in your fly box.

Dennis Nagel

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tying Directions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hook</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Size 10 thru 6 Mustad 36890 or 9049</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Thread</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brown size 6-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tail</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brown saddle hackle barbules</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Body</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 or 5 peacock herls</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rib</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small gold oval tinsel counter wrapped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hackle</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brown saddle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Wing</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White artic fox, polar bear or calftail</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Remember to renew your membership!
**FLY TYING CORNER**

**Wiggle Tail Nymph**

- **Hook:** TMC 2457 or Similar Scud Hook, size 8-12.
- **Thread:** 6/0 Black or colors to Match Material Colors.
- **Body:** Rope using Fine Wire,#1 Brown Hackle and Golden Crystal Chenille.
- **Tail:** Red Maribou (Other Colors Green, Burnt Orange and Black).
- **Weight:** .015 Lead.
- **Bead:** Glass Bead to Match the Size of the Hook (I used one Bruce Bochman uses on his Secret Fly a Green Bead with a Red Middle).

**Tying Instructions:**

After pinching the barb, put the bead on the hook slide to the eye of the hook and place the hook in the vice and lay a bed of thread back to just above where the barb used to be. Wrap your lead in the middle of the hook, about 10 wraps of .015 thousands lead or lead substitute. Wrap thread in front and behind the lead tapering the body and securing the bead in place behind the eye. With the thread now moved to the rear of the hook, Tie in a long (1 and ¼ inch tail) with sparse marabou. In front of the tail tie in wire, crystal chenille, and hackle. Including the thread, make a rope twisting all this material. Once you have your rope, wrap the rope to just behind the bead and secure with a few wraps. Cut off excess material and whip finish.

This fly was inspired by the trip I just took to Davis Lake in California and recommended by the local guide service. I adapted or put a few wrinkles in with the bead and the chenille rope. Unfortunately, due to the weather conditions when we were down I can’t give you a good fishing report on this particular fly as the fishing was really poor due water levels and windy conditions.

Remember it is your vice and you are tying the flies so have fun and don’t be afraid to put your own spin on old patterns or make one up of our own.

If you want more information on the Jay Fair Wiggle tail, just do an google search on “wiggle tail nymph”. Feel free to make it your own with different material and different colors.

**Fly Tied By:** John Storfold

---

John Storfold  
Fly Tying Chair  
Ph. 660-6584  
E-mail: steelyjon@q.com

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**Personal interests:**

Renewal: ____ New: ______
FLY TYING CORNER

Wiggle Tail Nymph

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hook:</th>
<th>Tiemco 9459 or Targus Tar 5263 #6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thread:</td>
<td>Black or Olive #6 or #8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tail:</td>
<td>Burnt Orange Marabou and two (2) Strands of Flat Crystal Flash Mylar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Body:</td>
<td>Olive Short Stringy Dubbing, i.e. Fly Right or Dazeltron (or if you’re lazy: Olive Chenille)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wire:</td>
<td>Copper #0.009 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hackle:</td>
<td>Cinnamon or Dark Cinnamon (Short Hackle such as J. Fair for a #14 or #16 Hook Short)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tying Instructions:

Place the hook in the vice. Tie on your thread and dress the hook back to the bend in the hook.
Pull off a small patch of Marabou and tie it on at the bend and pinch off excess down to 1 inch. Tie in two (2) strand of Mylar on each side of the tail. Cover with a few strands of marabou on each side.
Trim all to the same length (don’t cut the marabou, but pinch it off, provides a more natural appearance)
Tie in the wire just in front of the tail and tie in the hackle. Pull both to the rear and start with dubbing.
Wrap the dubbing to the head area. Wrap the wire forward, secure and trim. Wrap the hackle forward with only 4-5 turns, tie down and trim.
Re-fluff the dubbing so it stands up as high as the hackle. Wrap on the head, tie off and trim. Finish with head cement.

This is a “Fly in the round” which means you can weight it, which will turn the hook point up, but the fly still looks the same to the fish.
Loren said he used this fly a couple weeks ago on “Eagle Lake” in northern California and caught two (2) nice trout, 18 and 23 inches.

We thank Loren for another outstanding and fishable fly.

Fly Tied By: Loren Black

John Storfold  Fly Tying Chair  Ph. 660-6584  E-mail: steelyjon@charter.net

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- Lifetime (Individual)............... $250.00
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Renewal: ______ New: ______
Tying Instructions:

1. Tie in thread above the point of the hook and tie on two biots to form a divided tail.
2. Tie in orange and black yarn above the point of the hook.
3. Build a dubbing base to support the body.
4. Weave black and orange yarn ¾ of the way to the eye.
5. Weaving instructions are available at www.theflybench.com/howtotie/woven.
6. Dub the thorax.
7. Tie in the antenna biots.
8. Divide the biots in front to form antennae.
9. Tie in pheasant tail on both sides, pointing back.
10. Whip finish and epoxy.

Woven Stonefly Nymph tied by Toby Gerig Cascade Christian High Class of 2007. Toby tied this fly at the 2007 Northwest Expo.